**DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC.** 

# Parts & Service Manual RW-1019



September 2017

SERIAL NUMBER (FRONT)

SERIAL NUMBER (REAR)

NOTE: Please refer to the serial numbers when ordering parts or inquiring about warranty items.

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#### Message from DMF

Thank you for choosing DMF Railgear. We make every effort to provide quality, safe and rugged products for the railroad. We hope you'll find our gear to be satisfactory in every way. We take product support very seriously, so if you have any questions, please contact us.

Manuals, service bulletins and general information are available on our website listed below.

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DMF's RW-1019 Railgear is our for medium duty chassis in the 10,000 to 19,500 lb GVWR range. The front Railgear attaches to the frame and front axle and lifts the front truck tires off the track, thus utilizing the vehicle's front suspension. This design supports the vehicle as it was intended and helps the truck navigate curves smoothly and damps out the effects of track irregularities. The rear Railgear attaches directly to the truck frame behind the rear axle spring hangers. It deploys with an articulating dual scissor action that allows the rear Railgear to be moved both vertically and horizontally. This mechanism provides the "side shift" action which has made DMF gear so well known in the industry. It gives operators a greater margin for aligning the vehicle to the track, which speeds and simplifies the process of getting the vehicle on rail.

#### Materials:

All structural members and brackets are constructed of carbon steel. The 10" rail wheels for DMF RW-1019 Railgear are machined from hardened steel castings and are fitted to high strength alloy steel axles with heavy-duty tapered roller bearings.

#### Installation:

Both DMF front and Railgear bolt to the truck frame using only hand tools found in any shop. They are designed to minimize the amount of space required and in many cases fit within the existing boundaries of the vehicle. The front Railgear, however, sometimes require a bolt-on frame extension to complete the installation. Rear RW-1019 Railgear mounts below the top of frame and directly behind the rear axle spring hangers.

#### Brakes:

NOTE:

The rail wheel brake system is intended to assist the existing vehicle brakes when in the rail mode. As the vehicle rear tires are in contact with the railhead, the primary braking effort is derived from the rubber tires. Rail wheel brakes alone are insufficient to stop the vehicle in a reasonable distance.

The optional RW-1019 rail wheel brakes are of the hydraulic actuated external Cobra shoe type. The rail wheel brakes use the truck's hydraulic system to supply the clamping force. The rail brakes are applied simultaneously with the truck brakes when the operator presses the brake pedal. There is also a dashboard-mounted switch that permits the operator to enable or disable the rail wheel braking system.

#### Options:

There are several options available for RW-1019 Railgear. The most commonly ordered options include rail wheel brakes for improved stopping on rail, insulated wheels to prevent crossing signal actuation, rail sweeps to clear the rail of potentially damaging materials, and various retention systems to fit your application. Other less common options are non-standard track gauges and slotted links for improved Railgear performance at crossings.

#### NOTE:

There are currently 4 approved chassis for our 1019 series of Railgear. While very similar in some aspects, there are variances between the components and installation procedures of these chassis-specific assemblies. To address this, we have established this manual in a format giving general instructions that apply to all chassis followed by specific instructions regarding each unique variation. Where necessary, notes will be provided to ensure clarity regarding which chassis is applicable. Please locate and become familiar with the sections specific to your application.

#### 1.2 CURRENTLY APPROVED CHASSIS

#### Ford

2008 - 2016 F-4/550 (w/ 245/70R19.5 tires) (Aft fuel tank not recommended)

#### Ram / Sterling

08-Present Ram 45/5500 08-09 Sterling Bullet 45/5500 (discontinued in 2009)

#### Chevy / GM

'02-'09 C4/5500 (discontinued in 2010)



2008-2016 Ford F-4/550 08-Present Ram 45/5500 08-09 Sterling Bullet 45/



'02-'09 GM C45/5500

#### 1.3.1 Standard Front Railgear Components

Figures 1.3.1.A thru 1.3.1.C identify the individual parts of the installed front Railgear. These item descriptions will be used throughout this installation manual.

Front Railgear

GVWR Range: 10,000 to 19,500 lbs. @ 20 MPH Approx. Installed Weight (Front): 847 (Ford), 847 (Dodge), 675 (GM) lbs. Capacity: 8,200 pounds per Railgear axle @ 20 MPH

For detailed drawings, see Section 8.0, and for installation instructions, see Section 4.0.



1.3.1.A '08-'16 Ford F-4/550 Front Railgear Components



1.3.1.B '08 Dodge/Sterling 4/5500 Front Railgear Components



1.3.1.C '08 GM 4/5500 Front Railgear Components

#### 1.4 REAR RAILGEAR

#### 1.4.1 Rear Railgear Components

Rear Railgear GVWR Range: 10,000 to 19,500 lbs Approx. Installed Weight (Rear): 950 lbs Capacity: 8,200 lbs per Railgear axle at 20 MPH

Figure 1.4.1 shows the individual parts of the installed rear Railgear with the Rail Wheels in the rail position. These item descriptions will be used throughout this installation manual.



Figure 1.4.1 Rear Railgear Components

For detailed drawings, see Section 7.0, and for installation instructions, see Section 4.0.

### 1.5 ANTI-LOCK BRAKE (ABS), TRACTION CONTROL & ELECTRONIC STABILITY CONTROL (ESC)

#### Please refer to the following note relevant to your chassis:

#### 1.5.1 Ford F4/550 ABS & Traction Control Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Details

#### Ford F4/550 ABS/Traction/ESC Notes:

There are unique guidelines for operation of RW-1019 equipped 2011 Ford F-4/550's on rail. It is imperative to ensure that the vehicle is in 2WD & the traction control system is disengaged. Failure to do so will result in both acceleration & braking issues on rail due to overcompensation by these systems.

#### 1.5.2 Dodge 4/5500 ABS & Traction Control Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Details

#### Dodge 4/5500 ABS Notes:

Dodge 4/5500 chassis will display an ABS warning on the instrument panel when operated on rail. This warning light will go off after being operated on road for 1-2 miles.

#### 1.5.3 GM 4/5500 ABS & Traction Control Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Details

#### GM 4/5500 ABS Notes:

GM 4/5500 chassis will display an ABS warning on the instrument panel when operated on rail. This warning light will go off after being operated on road for 1-2 miles.

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#### 2.1 BEFORE YOU OPERATE THE RAILGEAR

#### 2.1.1 Familiarize Yourself with the Railgear

#### Clearances & Approach Angles

The installation of Railgear typically reduces the ground clearance & approach angle in the front and back. In some installations, the rail wheels extend slightly beyond the corners of the front bumper. Operators should familiarize themselves with the modified clearance & approach angles.

#### Railgear Retention Systems and Locations

Walk around vehicle and identify the location and type of Railgear retention system(s) that are installed on your particular vehicle.

DMF offers the following Railgear retention options:

- Manual Pin-Offs
- •Cable Remote Pin-Offs
- •Hook Lock Mechanism (front only)
- •Lever Pin-Offs (front only)

See Section 5.2 for more information on Railgear retention systems.

#### NOTE: DMF's Rear Cylinders are equipped with integral locking valves; however, Railgear retention systems are still required to be engaged in both the highway and rail positions.

#### **Operation Controls**

- •Locate and familiarize yourself with the front and rear Railgear operating controls.
- •Locate Power Take-Off (PTO) toggle/switch control and indicator light, typically found on the dashboard (if equipped).
- •If your truck is equipped with Railgear brakes, locate the brake switch on the dashboard of the truck.

#### 2.1.2 Daily Inspection

Before operating your Railgear-equipped vehicle, whether for highway or rail use, it is imperative that you perform a daily inspection – see Section 3.1.1 for Daily Inspection List. If any items found during your inspection do not conform to requirements, it is your responsibility to take corrective action before any use of the vehicle.

#### 2.2 HIGHWAY OPERATION

Before operating a Railgear-equipped vehicle on the highway:

- 1. Verify Railgear is in highway position.
- 2. Verify that the retention systems (both front and rear) are properly engaged (even if the Railgear on your truck is equipped with a locking valve system, you MUST verify that the pins are correctly inserted).
- 3. Steering wheel lock has been removed (if applicable).
- 4. Verify that Railgear brakes have been disengaged (if applicable).
- 5. Verify PTO has been disengaged and that the indicator light is OFF (if applicable).

#### 2.3 GETTING ON THE RAIL

#### NOTE:

For 2011 Ford F-4/550's, there are unique guidelines for operation on rail. It is imperative to ensure that the vehicle is in 2WD & the traction control system is disengaged. Failure to do so will result in both acceleration & braking issues on rail due to overcompensation by these systems.

#### 2.3.1 Getting onto the Rail

- 1. At the track crossing, drive past the track, then back the vehicle onto the rails. Engaging the rear Railgear first will allow your vehicle to side-shift and align itself to the rail, making it easier to engage the front Railgear.
- 2. Engage the truck's parking brake to prevent the truck from rolling.

#### 2.3.2 Lower Rear Railgear

- 3. If the Railgear has brakes, turn brake switch on.
- 4. Engage the PTO (or auxiliary hydraulic power unit); leave the truck running and the transmission in neutral gear.
- 5. Disengage the Railgear retention systems (both front and rear). If the retainers are too tight to be disengaged, verify that Railgear is fully in highway position by briefly pulling the valve handles toward you.
- 6. Push valve handles to lower wheels and engage rail.
- 7. To assist with alignment of the wheels to the rail, you can also use the valve handles independently to lower one side at a time to engage the rail, at which point you can then lower the opposite side. This will cause your vehicle to side-shift and align itself with the rail.
- 8. When both wheels are fully down and properly engaging rail, re-engage safety retention systems.

#### 2.3.3 Lower Front Railgear

- 9. If necessary, drive the truck into position to line up the front Railgear with the rail.
- 10. Ensure that the PTO (or auxiliary hydraulic power unit) is engaged (this was engaged during the lowering of the rear Railgear).
- 11. Ensure that the front Railgear retention system is disengaged.
- 12. Check and make sure that the front rail wheels line up with the rail.
- 13. Push valve handle to lower wheels and engage rail.
- 14. If you do not require the use of the PTO (or auxiliary hydraulic power unit) for additional equipment, it can now be disengaged.
- 15. Disengage the truck's parking brake when you are ready to proceed.

#### NOTE:

The front Railgear assembly is an over-center design and does not require the safety Railgear retention system to be engaged in rail mode.

#### 2.3.4 On the Tracks

- Do not exceed posted track speed limit, and at no time exceed 30 MPH while on the track.
- Be aware that some Railgear is insulated, and will not operate the crossing gate circuits. You are responsible for knowing if your Railgear equipped vehicle has insulated or noninsulated wheels. To assist in identifying insulated rail wheels, a grooved ring is machined around the inside of the front and rear driver's side wheels.
- All railroad rules and safety guidelines should be observed.
- Reduce speed while in reverse and/or at all crossings, curves, branch lines, switches and frogs (no more than a slow walking pace is recommended).
- Traction is reduced on the track, especially in wet conditions.
- Braking distance is increased on the track, especially in wet conditions.
- Do not slide tires or guide wheels on the tracks as this will cause premature wear.
- Do not exceed the maximum rated capacity of the equipment.
- On newer trucks with Anti-Lock braking systems, the amber 'ABS' dash light may remain on with the front wheels elevated. This will not reduce rear truck braking or rail wheel braking.

#### 2.4 GETTING OFF OF THE RAIL

#### 2.4.1 Removing Truck From Track

- 1. Safely pull onto the track crossing, paying attention to traffic and other obstacles.
- 2. Set the truck parking brakes and engage the PTO.
- 3. Leave the truck running and the transmission in neutral gear.
- 4. Lift both sets of Railgear (there is no preference for removal order).
- 5. Engage all 4 safety Railgear retention systems in highway position (passenger and driver side, for both front and rear Railgear).
- 6. Disengage the switch that controls the Railgear brakes (if applicable).
- 7. Disengage the PTO (or auxiliary hydraulic power unit) and the parking brakes.
- 8. Make sure surrounding area is free and clear of any obstacles and vehicles before pulling off of the rail and onto the road.
- 9. If the amber ABS dash light remains on during rail operation, the truck engine must be turned off and restarted after returning to highway operation. This will clear the ABS light after a few seconds. If the amber light remains on during road operation, the truck's brake system may have an active fault and should be checked out. Please refer to the truck's operation manual.

### SECTION 3.0 ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

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If your Railgear vehicle is high-use or operated under extreme conditions, such as operating in mountainous regions or extreme temperatures, the levels of inspections listed below may need to be performed more frequently than stated.

The following are instructions for routine inspections recommended by Diversified Metal Fabricators. In some circumstances, government or corporate regulations may require additional inspections be performed. Please ensure that you are aware of any inspection requirements that pertain to your Railgear and that you abide by all local and national laws regarding Railgear maintenance and safety.

#### 3.1.1 DAILY MAINTENANCE

- Visually inspect for hydraulic fluid leaks.
- Check and make sure that all threaded fasteners are secured. NOTE: All hex nuts are either nylon insert or slotted hex nuts with cotter pins.
- Check and make sure all tie straps that secure hoses from moving parts and exhaust systems are in place. Replace if cracked or worn.
- Inspect wheel flanges for excessive wear, primarily noting differences in wear between wheels on the same axle or diagonally. If an abnormal pattern is noted, check Railgear alignment (see alignment procedure in Section 4.6).
- Inspect wheel "end-play": Placing one hand at the 9 o'clock position and your other hand at the 3 o'clock position, firmly grab the wheel and push and pull it a few times. There should be no discernable movement in and out, and the wheel should rotate freely. If you feel there is too much movement in and out, or if the wheel does not rotate freely, a detailed inspection should be performed. See Sections 7.0 & 8.0 for appropriate axle assembly drawings.
- Throughout the day, inspect wheel temperature. If extremely hot, this could indicate bearing adjustment is too tight. For adjustment information, see Section 7.0 & 8.0 for appropriate axle assembly drawings.

#### 3.1.2 WEEKLY MAINTENANCE

Perform standard daily inspection points as listed above, and then check the following:

• Grease and lubricate all grease fittings on front and rear Railgear assemblies.

#### NOTE:

There are eight (8) locations on the GM/Chevy front assembly, twelve (12) on the Dodge/Ford front assembly and fourteen (14) locations on all rear assemblies. See drawings in Sections 3.2 for details.

- Check level of hydraulic oil and all other fluids.
- Check air pressure in tires and inflate to proper inflation pressure (if necessary).
- Inspect brakes and adjust if necessary. Refer to Section 5.2.1
- Test Railgear brakes on a test track.
  - -With the Railgear brake switch "on", verify that pressing vehicle brake pedal causes the Railgear brakes to slow but not stop the rail wheels.
    - -Locking up the rail wheels on rail can lead to flat spotting of wheels. Railgear brakes should properly release when the vehicle brake pedal is released.

-Contact a Service Representative at DMF if you need additional assistance.

#### 3.1.3 BI-ANNUAL MAINTENANCE OR AS REQUIRED

Perform standard daily and weekly inspection points as listed above, and then check the following:

- Remove the hubcaps from the rail wheels and inspect for deterioration or loss of wheel bearing grease. Unless there is a problem, the cavity may be topped off with the recommended grease without removing and/or re-packing the bearings. If parts appear worn or damaged, replace and repack as shown in Section 7.0 and 8.0.
- Clean the hubcap and mating surfaces and apply a bead of silicone gasket and re-attach securely.
- Clean the strainer / filter in the hydraulic power unit tank.
- Rail test for proper traction and braking and adjust as appropriate. See Section 4.7.
- Check Railgear alignment per Sections 4.6.

#### 3.1.4 ANNUAL MAINTENANCE OR AS REQUIRED

In addition to the items listed in 3.1.1 Daily Maintenance, 3.1.2 Weekly Maintenance and 3.1.3 Bi-annual Maintenance perform the following:

• Disassemble, inspect repack and reassemble Rail Wheel Bearings as shown in Section 7.0 and 8.0.

#### 3.2 LUBRICATION SPECIFICATION

#### Hydraulic Oil:

•Dexron III ATF fluid is standard for DMF supplied hydraulic power units

Wheel Bearing Grease / Grease Fittings:

- •Factory Standard: Citgo Syndurance Premium Synthetic 460 #2
- •Warm Climates: Mystik JT-6 Hi-Temp Multi-Purpose Grease #2 (or equivalent)

LOCATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION	
1	4	UPPER LINK MAIN PIVOT	UBRICATION SPECIFICATION
2	4	LOWER LINK MAIN PIVOT	Factory Standard: Citgo Syndurance Premium
3	2	AXLE SADDLE PIVOT	Synthetic 460 # 2
4	2	CROSSTUBE PIVOT	<ul> <li>warm Climates: Mystik J1-6 Hi-Temp Multi-Purpose Grease #2 (or equivalent)</li> </ul>
5	2	CYLINDER ROD END	
6	2	BRAKE ARM PIVOT - UPPER	
7	2	BRAKE ARM PIVOT - LOWER	
8	2	BRAKE CYLINDER ROD END	APPLIES TO ALL CURRENTLY
			APPROVED CHASSIS
			A 5/20/15 CHANGED GREASE STANDARD
		$\overline{(7)}$	REV         DATE         DESCRIPTION         BY         APP
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		GNEASE ALL LOCATIONS AND CHECK FOR UNUSUAL WEA	Staff Filthst:         125 MCR0 InteGADS:         NEH         4/21/11         M1019118         A

LOCATION	QTY.	DESCRIPTION
1	2	FRONT CROSS TUBE PIVOT
2	2	MAIN PIVOT - INBOARD
3	2	MAIN PIVOT - OUTBOARD
4	2	SWING BLOCK UPPER PIVOT
5	2	SWING BLOCK LOWER PIVOT
6	2	CYLINDER ROD END PIVOT
7	2	BRAKE ARM PIVOT - FRONT
8	2	BRAKE ARM PIVOT - REAR
9	2	BRAKE CYLINDER END PIVOT

'08 FORD F-4/550 & DODGE 4/5500 FRONT HI-RAIL GEAR (FORD SHOWN)



LUBRICATION SPECIFICATION:
 Factory Standard: Citgo Syndurance Premium Synthetic 460 #2
 Warm Climates: Mystik JT-6 Hi-Temp Multi-Purpose Grease #2 (or equivalent)



DESCRIPTION FRONT CROSSTUBE PIVOT

MAIN PIVOT - INBOARD MAIN PIVOT - OUTBOARD

SPRING HANGER PIVOT (CYLINDER ROD END)

BRAKE ARM PIVOT - FRONT

BRAKE ARM PIVOT - REAR

BRAKE CYLINDER ROD END

LOCATION

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

QTY

2

2

2 2

2

2

2

'08 GM/CHEVY C4/5500 FRONT HI-RAIL GEAR

NOTE: MAIN PIVOT GREASE ZERT FITTINGS ARE LOCATED ON THE SIDE ADJACENT TO THE CYLINDER BODY

NOTE: MAIN PIVOT GREASE ZERT FITTINGS ARE LOCATED ON THE SIDE ADJACENT TO THE CYLINDER BODY

## \*AS A WEEKLY PREVENTITIVE MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE: GREASE ALL LOCATIONS AND CHECK FOR UNUSUAL WEAR

37								
2	5/20/15	UPDATED GREASE STANDARDS					JDI	
V	DATE		DESCRIPTION					APP
RANCES: INLESS SPECIFIED) C, MACH: ± 1/32* C, OTHER: ± 1/16* ± .063 ± .030 ± .005			-	TITLE: MANUAL, FRONT GREASE POINT LOC RW-1019 DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS,INC. (404)875-1512			CATIC	)NS,
L SIZES GULAR FINISI ADS: IBEACS	+ .015	DRAWN BY: NEH	APPD BY:	date: 4/21/11		DRAWING NUMB M101911	<sup>ER:</sup> 7	REV: A

#### 3.3 WHEEL WEAR GAUGE

A metal wheel wear gauge (DMF part number 800115) is available to aid in inspecting worn wheels. The drawing on the next page illustrates how to use the gauge and also lists specifications for minimum wall thickness on the wheel treads as well as tolerance on wheel back-to-back spacing.



#### 3.4 TROUBLESHOOTING

Symptom	Possible Cause	Diagnostic Step	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Rail wheel vibration/ noise	Damaged Tread/Flange	Inspect treads/Flange	Replace wheel
	Patterned Wear on Tread/Flange	Inspect treads/Flange	Replace wheel
	Loose Wheel	Check wheel end play (detailed instructions at Section 7.0 and 8.0 for appropriate wheel & axle assy. drawings)	Follow detailed instructions at Section 7.0 and 8.0
Vehicle tracking to one side, wandering	Misalignment	Check Alignment (see Sections 4.6)	Adjust Alignment
	Overload or load imbalance	Visually inspect, scale vehicle	Unload and/or redistribute load
	Un-Even Rail Wheel Load/ Vehicle Load	Weigh Vehicle and Check Rail Wheel Load	Adjust Load Distribution and Re- set Rail Wheel Load
	Excessive Wheel Wear	Check Alignment and Wheel Wear	Adjust Alignment, Replace Worn Wheels
Insufficient traction or braking	Rail Wheel Load set too low	See Section 4.6	Set Rail Wheel Load
	Tires worn	Inspect Tires	Replace tires

 Table 3.4 Troubleshooting On-Track Problems

#### 3.5 DERAILMENT

The following are instructions for derailment inspection recommended by Diversified Metal Fabricators. In some circumstances, government or corporate regulations may require additional inspections be performed. Please ensure that you are aware of any inspection requirements that pertain to your Railgear and that you abide by all local and national laws regarding Railgear maintenance and safety.

In the case of a minor derailment, the cause of the derailment should be determined and corrective steps taken. The vehicle should be inspected to determine if repairs or adjustments are required. This inspection should include, but should not be limited to, the following:

- •Visually inspect Railgear for hydraulic leaks.
- •Ensure all lines and hoses are still secured and out of the way of any moving parts.
- •Ensure all hydraulic hose connections and fittings are securely in place and not broken.
- •Verify that all threaded fasteners are secure, and that cotter pins are not broken.
- •Visually inspect rail wheels to ensure that tread and flange are not severely damaged.
- •Spin all 4 rail wheels, noting any bearing noise, resistance, and end play.

Any items noted should be repaired using Section 4.0 and 5.0, to ensure they are repaired to initial install standards.

In case of a major derailment, a complete inspection should be performed, including but not limited to the following:

- •Perform all inspection items as listed above in the Minor Derailment section.
- Inspect all long arms, pivot arms, and links, to ensure they are not bent, cracked, or broken.
- •Inspect and test rail brake system (see Sections 3.1.2 and 5.2).
- •Ensure spring brackets are securely fastened, and are not bent, cracked or broken.
- •Ensure all welds are intact and show no signs of cracking or breaking.
- •Ensure all mounting hardware and brackets are securely fastened, and are not bent, cracked, or damaged in any way.
- •A full alignment should be performed. See Sections 4.6.
- •Wheels should be removed and the bore, bearing, races, and insulation (if applicable) should be inspected for any damage. For further wheel details, see Section 7.0 and 8.0 for appropriate wheel & axle assembly drawings.
- •Ensure axle threads are not stripped or damaged.

Any items noted should be repaired using Section 4.0, to ensure they are repaired to initial install standards.

Please contact DMF for any assistance you may require.

### SECTION 4.0 RAILGEAR INSTALLATION

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- <del>1</del> .7 1/10		
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#### NOTE:

The proper installation of this equipment is solely the responsibility of you, the installer. When in doubt, contact DMF for assistance.

#### NOTE:

There are currently 4 approved chassis for our 1019 series of Railgear. While very similar in some aspects, there are variances between the components and installation procedures of these chassis-specific assemblies. To address this, we have established this manual in a format giving general instructions that apply to all chassis followed by specific instructions regarding each unique variation. Where necessary, notes will be provided to ensure clarity regarding which chassis is applicable. Please locate and become familiar with the sections specific to your application.

#### NOTE:

During Railgear installation, there are 3 different alignments - front Railgear to truck frame, rear Railgear to truck frame, and a final procedure that aligns both sets of Railgear to each other.

#### 4.1.1 Safety Statements

- Always block up gear before getting underneath.
- Always use jack stands when jacking up vehicle.
- Use personal protective equipment and clothing.

#### 4.1.2 Installation Order

This manual presents the installation information in the order that we find to work best. Your shop, tools, personnel or other factors may dictate a different order. This is acceptable as long as the Overall Alignment, Rail Test, Road Test and Final Inspection are performed at the end.

#### 4.1.3 Required Tools & Materials

Aside from general shop tools and safety equipment the following tools will be required:

- Arc or MIG Welder
- Surge Protector (Protects ECM from damage during welding)
- Cutting Torch
- Hand Grinder
- Frame Drill
- Air Saw
- Angle Finder
- Test Rail See Section 4.2.3
- Shims for weight setting (ASTM A36 3" wide x 10" long)

Additionally the following tools are recommended:

- Transmission Jack, Motorcycle Lift, Pallet Jack or Forklift
- Overhead Crane
- Work Lights
- Wheel Dolly

#### 4.1.4 Welding Information

- Dual Shield Wire spec. → AWS E71T-1
- Low Hydrogen spec. → AWS E-7018

Low Hydrogen Electrodes (AWS E-7018)

Manufacturer	Equivalent Rod
Air Products	AP-7018, 7018IP
Airco	7018C, 7018-A1
Arcos	Ductilend 70
Air Products	170-LA, SW-47,616
Chemtron	170-LA, SW-47,616
Hobart	718, 718-SR
Marquette	7018
МсКау Со	7018
Reid-Avery	7018
Uniblaze	7018
Westinghouse	Wiz-18
Lincoln	Jetweld LH-70

#### 4.1.5 Bolt Torque Specifications

See following page for recommended torque specifications.

TITLE: Purchased Fastener Torque Specifications

PURPOSE: To establish production methods for the installation of commonly purchased threaded fasteners.

COMMON USAGE: Most areas of multiple part assembly and retention.

PARTS GENERALLY ENCOMPASSED BY THIS PROCEDURE: Most common sizes of SAE J429 Grade 5 and 8 and of ASTM A574 socket head cap screws. PROCEDURE:

A) Identify the fastener as either fine or coarse thread, select the appropriate chart below.

B) Identify the fastener size (diameter and threads per inch), select the appropriate row in the chart selected.

C) Identify grade of the bolt.

D) Read across the size row and down the grade column. The intersection of row and column gives torque.

#### FINE THREAD BOLTS

SIZE (DIA-TPI)	SAE J429 GRADE 5 (3 MARKS) PLATED (FTLB)	SAE J429 GRADE 8 (6 MARKS) PLATED (FTLB)	ASTM A574 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (FTLB)
1/4-28	6	8	12
5/16-24	12	15	24
3/8-24	21	27	43
7/16-20	33	43	68
1/2-20	51	66	105
9/16-18	72	96	-
5/8-18	100	135	202
3/4-16	180	223	354
7/8-14	260	350	564
1-12	390	530	860
1 1/8-12	540	750	-
1 1/4-12	745	1050	1697
1 3/8-12	-	-	2288
1 1/2-12	1320	1850	3001

COARSE THREAD BOLTS (MATCHING)					
SIZE (DIA-TPI)	SAE J429 GRADE 8 (6 MARKS) PLATED (FTLB)	ASTM A574 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (FTLB)			
1/4-20	5	7	10		
5/16-18	19	14	22		
3/8-16	19	24	38		
7/16-14	30	38	61		
1/2-13	45	59	93		
9/16-12	66	84	-		
5/8-11	90	120	179		
3/4-10	160	200	317		
7/8-9	240	320	511		
1-8	360	480	767		
1 1/8-7	480	670	1087		
1 1/4-7	670	930	1533		
1 3/8-6	-	-	2010		
1 1/2-6	1170	1650	2668		

#### COMMENTS:

A) Torque valves specified are for bolts with residual oils or no special lubricants applied. if special lubricants of high stress capacity (such as Never-Seez, graphite and oil, molybdenum disulphite, colloidal copper or white lead) are applied, multiply the torque values in charts by 0.90. The use of Loctite does not affect the torque values in charts.

B) All values are in Foot-Pounds (FTLB). Multiply by 12 for Inch-Pounds.

- C) Flat washers of equal strength must be used.
- D) Bolt manufacturer's specs should be used when available.
- E) Values shown are for Nylock nuts or Grade C prevailing torque nuts.
- F) Never re-use a highly stressed, torque fastener: IT MAY FAIL!

	07/15/15	UPDATED /	UPDATED ALL TORQUE VALUES, REMOVED PLAIN TORQUE SPECS					
$\mathbb{A}$	12/29/99	ADDED RE	ADDED RECOMMENDED TORQUE CHART					
REV	DATE			DESCRIPTIO	1		BY	APP
TOLERANCES: (UNLESS SPECIFIED) (UNLESS SPECIFIED) (COMMON SPASE PREVAILS FRAC, OTHER: ± 1/16° X ± 0.653 X ± 0.653 X = 0.054				TITLE: PROD FASTE DIVERSIFIED M	JCTION PROCEE NER TORQUE S ETAL FABRICATORS	OURE 006 PECIFICATION	l 175–15	12
DRILL SI ANGULAF	ZES: ± .005 c: ± 1	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUM	BER:	REV:
THREADS BREA	NISH: 125 MICRO 3: 2A AND 2B K SHARP EDGES	TSH		06/02/94	ATLANTA	PP006		в

#### 4.2 INITIAL INSTRUCTIONS

#### 4.2.1 Work Area

The area in which the Railgear installation is to occur should meet minimum requirements in order to facilitate the process and provide adequate conditions in which the work can be completed safely, accurately and in a timely manner.

- <u>Floor</u> The floor should be level in order to provide good measurements required to check the alignment of the Railgear.
- Lighting The work area should be adequately lighted.
- <u>Space</u> There should be enough space to maneuver the Railgear components into position and to safely work around other equipment.

#### 4.2.2 Truck Condition

Before installation, the truck should be checked in some important areas.

- <u>Tires</u> The tire pressure should be checked for the manufacturer's recommended inflation and for consistent pressure readings from all the tires. This will ensure correct traction of the tires on the rail. Also the condition of the rear tires needs to be determined. If the rear tires are worn, they should be replaced.
- <u>Alignment</u> Rear truck axle must be square with truck frame. DMF recommends that a reputable alignment shop check this. O-degree thrust angle (which may be different than the factory specification) is required for proper Railgear operation.
- <u>Frame & Suspension</u> On a new truck, these should be in good condition. On a used truck, the frame should be inspected to ensure that it has not been damaged or bent. The suspension bushings should also be examined for excessive wear and replaced if necessary. If any problems in these areas are not corrected, it will cause difficulties aligning and operating the Railgear.
- <u>Transverse Torque Rods</u> On vehicles that will regularly experience high center of gravity loads on rail (e.g. spray trucks, material loaders), it is advisable to install rear tandem control rods to limit transverse axle displacement. This is also necessary on long wheelbase vehicles to prevent front tandem walking off in curves.

#### 4.2.3 Front and Rear Installation Rails

In order to install the Railgear to get proper tire traction on the rail, it is necessary that standard gauge rails or Installation Rails be fabricated from 3" square tubing per Figure 4.2.3. Drive the truck into the work area (pulling forward and back several times to align the axles) and up onto the Rear Installation Rails. The rear inside tires should be on the rails with the rear outside tires off the floor. The Front Installation Rails are not needed at this point.

#### NOTE:

Before proceeding, be certain that the front truck tires are chocked & the parking brake is set.

#### NOTE:

Inside-to-Inside measurement of 56-1/2" is the standard gauge for the United States. If your equipment is to be operated on any other gauge, adjust measurements accordingly.



#### 4.3 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

For Hydraulic System drawings, maintenance and repair information, please see Section 6.0.

Once your new Railgear is installed, if your vehicle is going to have multiple applications for the hydraulic system, please proceed to Section 4.3.2 for instructions on installing a diverter valve.

#### 4.3.1 Using Hydraulic Power Unit Provided by DMF

DMF typically provides an electric over hydraulic power unit (Monarch M-304) to power the Railgear. The unit includes a pump, motor and reservoir. This unit can be located in the truck body, under the cab, or elsewhere as required. The unit should be protected from road spray and moisture. This unit operates on Dexron III.

#### 4.3.2 Hydraulic System for Multiple Uses, Railgear and other application(s)

DMF RW-1019 Railgear can be integrated with other hydraulic equipment through the use of a diverter valve. RW-1019 requires 1.25gpm at 2,000psi. A suitable relief and reservoir (3gal min) must be provided. Please contact DMF for assistance in integrating Railgear with other hydraulic equipment. Due to RW-1019's use of hydraulic Railgear brakes, many customers avoid the extra complications of integrating by installing the provided hydraulic power unit (above) in parallel.

#### \* \* \* \* WARNING \* \* \* \*

Railgear control manifold has pressure reliefs and the hydraulic working pressure of the system is 2,000 psi. The front brake relief should be set to 1,700 psi. The rear brake relief should be set to 700 psi and all other parts supplied by DMF are rated to 2500 psi. Care must be exercised that the relief in any of the valves is not inadvertently exceeded. It is possible for a relief to be adjusted much higher than its valve can withstand. To ensure correct system pressure, check with a gauge.

See Section 6.0 for hydraulic system drawings.

#### 4.4 INSTALLATION OF REAR RAILGEAR

NOTE:

Only use GRADE 5 bolts when attaching rear bracket on the truck frame. The rear bracket should break away from the truck frame in an accident otherwise it will damage your truck frame.

#### 4.4.1 General Information

There are several items to note before you begin the installation of the rear Railgear:

- Before you begin Railgear installation, please read installation instructions for the options you have ordered. Some options may affect the Railgear installation process.
- It is important to note that there is a difference between "shims" and "spacers". Shims are vertical fillers, used to fill in the gaps between the truck frame and rear mounting bracket side plates. Spacers are solid steel pieces varying in thickness, used between the rear mounting bracket and the bottom of the truck frame to achieve proper weight settings between the truck tires and rail wheels while on rail.
- Spacers used in adjusting the height of the rear bracket must be solid steel pieces because they will experience the full structural load seen by the rear frame.
- When setting the height of the rear bracket using spacers, you must be within the range of ½" minimum to 3" of spacers maximum. If you are outside of this range it may be necessary to change out your links. See Section 7.3 for different link measurements and contact DMF for final consultation before ordering a different set of links. DMF will not be responsible if the links are changed from the initial order without consulting with DMF.
- Before permanently affixing your rear bracket to the truck frame (including welding or drilling holes), be aware that during the locating, shimming (if necessary), spacing, squaring, and weight setting procedures, your rear bracket will be making slight movements during each of these steps. So you will want to only TEMPORARILY secure Railgear using clamps, chains, fork lift, etc. after each procedure.
- It is important that the truck tire pressure (especially the rear tires) be checked and brought to the tire manufacturer's intended pressure for a given load. Reference your tire manufacturer's load rating and inflation chart. (Inflating tires to their max side wall pressure may result in drastically reduced contact with the rail if under-loaded.)
- If the Railgear is being mounted behind an aft fuel tank, the frame may require extension. (Applies to the Ford F4/550 & Dodge 45/5500)
- The rear Railgear drops straight down, but it can articulate from side-to-side to allow alignment of the vehicle with the rail. It is important that nothing encroach upon this space (e.g., outriggers, lift-gates, and body tie-down bolts).

#### 4.4.2 Diagram of Key Components

Figure 4.4.2 shows the key components and terminology that will be used throughout the installation procedure.



Figure 4.4.2 Diagram of Key Components

#### 4.4.3 Location of Rear Railgear

Position the rear Railgear as close to the rear tires as practical (allowing clearance for mud flaps). Table 4.4.3 gives standard location and clearance guidelines for the rear Railgear and these dimensions are shown in Section 4.4.4. Generally, leave a minimum of 2" clearance to any tire, spring, or suspension components.

Rear Axle to Rear Railgear Center	Midship Fuel*	Aft Fuel	Transit Bracket
Ford F4/550	40.5 +/- 1"	49.3 +/- 1"	33.3 +/- 1"
Dodge/Sterling 45/5500	40.0 +/- 1"	56 +/- 1"	N/A
GM 45/5500	39.0 +/- 1"	N/A	N/A

\*DMF recommends the mid-mount fuel option to improve on rail performance by minimizing the distance between the Railgear and rear axle.

#### 4.4.4 Location and Clearance of Railgear

The rear Railgear drops straight down, but it can articulate from side-to-side to allow alignment of the vehicle with the rail. It is important that nothing encroach upon this space (e.g., outriggers, lift-gates, and body tie-down bolts). Refer to drawing on the next page.



#### 4.4.5 Shimming and Temporarily Spacing Rear Bracket

Once Railgear is correctly located on rear frame, as above, if more than a 1/16" gap exists between the rear Railgear bracket side plate and the side of the truck frame, install equal amount of shims on each side to fill the gap, thus keeping the Railgear bracket centered. Note that DMF provides shims of different thicknesses, and it is important that the same amount of shim measurement is achieved on both sides.

With the rear bracket correctly located against bottom of frame rail and centered, there are two differing methods of setting a preliminary weight setting:

1. The first method is to measure from top of rear bracket plate to floor, and adjust bracket with temporary spacers, as shown in Table 4.4.5. This should provide a good starting point for final weight setting.

	23″	24″	25″	26″	27″	28″	29″	30″
Xtra Short Links	0″	1″	2″	3″				
Short Links			0″	1″	2″	3″		
Long Links					0″	1 ″	2″	3″

Table	4.4.5	Shimming	Chart
-------	-------	----------	-------

2. The second method is to insert the minimum (1/2") or maximum (3") of spacers, and then during the final weight setting, add or remove spacers as appropriate until optimal weight setting is achieved.

Once spacers are positioned, temporarily clamp, chain, or otherwise secure rear Railgear to truck frame. Keep in mind that spacers and rear bracket may have to be adjusted for final weight setting and squaring/aligning with the truck axle.

#### 4.4.6 Square Rear Railgear with Truck Axle

The Rear Railgear needs to be made absolutely square with the rear truck axle. Four measurements (shown in Figure 4.4.6) need to be taken to ensure this requirement:

- (1) The distance from the truck axle to the Rear Railgear Axle at each end. In Figure 4.4.6, distance "A" must be equal to "B" (within 1/8"). This is an important alignment check.
- (2) The diagonal from the truck axle to the opposite Rear Rail Wheel. In Figure 4.4.6 distance "C" must be equal to "D" (within 1/4").



Figure 4.4.6 Squaring Rear Railgear

#### NOTE:

Although the previous mounting conditions and alignment may be met, be certain that enough room exists between the Rear Railgear and other equipment. In general, this should include a 2" clearance around the Railgear (more clearance will be needed if Remote Pin-offs are installed). Also ensure that there is clearance to remove the Pin-Offs from their holes.

#### 4.4.7 Temporarily Securing Rear Bracket

Now that the rear bracket is correctly centered, vertically positioned, and aligned, measure 1" up from the bottom of the slot in the rear bracket slide plate, and drill your first 5/8" hole through the shims (if applicable) and truck frame. Align this first hole with the 4-hole mounting plate, ensure that the mounting plate is level, and then drill the additional 3 holes. Once all 4 holes are drilled, install four 5/8-11 Grade-5 bolts and secure them with the appropriate washers and nylon lock nuts. Repeat this mounting plate to the rear frame bracket. If re-adjustment is later needed, the welds may be ground off, and the rear frame bracket may be slid up or down by loosening the bolts in the slots. Also, temporarily tack the spacers into place, so that if further adjustment is necessary, the welds can easily be ground off and spacers added/removed as necessary.





FILENAME: M1630119





#### 4.4.10 Final Rear Railgear Alignment and Weight Settings

See drawing M1019105 on the following page for more information. Rear Railgear alignment and weight settings can only be performed after the front Railgear is installed. The procedures for these final steps can be found in Section 4.6.


# PRIOR TO ATTACHING REAR FRAME BRACKET: -TRIM INTERIOR PROTRUSION AT FUEL PASSTHROUGH AND PATCH HOLE WITH COMPARABLE THICKNESS

# **APPLIES TO ALL CURRENTLY APPROVED CHASSIS**

3										
À	-	-					-			
V	DATE	DESCRIPTION						APP		
RANCES: NLESS SPECIFIED) C, MACH: ± 1/32" C, OTHER: ± 1/16" ± 1/16"			-	ITTLE: MANUAL, REAR ASSY INSTALL, RW-1019						
	± .030 + .005			DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC. (404)875-1512						
L SIZE JULAF FINIS EADS: BEAKS	1:	DRAWN BY: NEH	APPD BY:	DATE: 4/7/11		DRAWING NUMB M101910	ER: 5	REV: #		

## 4.5 INSTALLATION OF FRONT RAILGEAR

### 4.5.1 General Information

There are several items to note before you begin the installation of the front Railgear:

- The Railgear unit that we have shipped to you has been designed for your specific truck.
- Installation instructions vary depending on chassis type. Prior to beginning front installation, please locate and become familiar with the section specific to your application.
- Check for sufficient clearances to prevent interference with Railgear and other parts of the truck (i.e. Frame, steering boxes, shocks, oil filters, etc.) See further details below for more clearance information.
- In normal applications, mount the front valve plate assembly between the frame extensions (with the energy valve on the underside and the handle facing forward) and weld in place. If this is not possible, mount valve assembly in the most appropriate and easily accessible location.

### 4.5.2 Ford 4/550 Installation

Figure 4.5.2.A shows the individual parts of the installed front Railgear. Please familiarize yourself with these item descriptions as they will be used throughout this installation manual.





Refer to drawing M1019102 on the following page for more details.



NOTE #2: AT FINAL INSTALLATION: (AFTER OVERALL FRONT TO BACK RAILGEAR ALIGNMENT & WEIGHT SETTING HAVE BEEN COMPLETED) FOR ALL STRUCTURAL WELDS, EITHER LOW HYDROGEN ROD OR DUAL

WARNING: DO NOT ATTACH THE WELDING MACHINE GROUND CLAMP ONTO THE RAIL WHEELS. THIS WILL CAUSE ARCING ACROSS THE BEARINGS INSIDE THE WHEELS LEAD TO PRE-MATURE BEARING FAILURE

#### NOTE: BEFORE INSTALLING AXLE BRACKETS: RAISE VEHICLE AND SUPPORT WITH JACKSTANDS, REMOVE FRONT WHEELS AND TIRES

NOTE: WHEN INSTALLING AXLE BRACKETS: DISCONNECT LOWER SHOCK MOUNT AND SUPPORT RADIUS ARM WITH A JACKSTAND OR OTHER MEANS, REMOVE FACTORY HARDWARE AND ATTACH AXLE BRACKETS USING PROVIDED HARDWARE (KIT#11342)

# FORD F-4/550 FRONT INSTALLATION

27									
1	-	-					-		
V	DATE	DESCRIPTION						APP	
RANCES: NLESS SPECIFIED) C, MACH: ± 1/32" C, OTHER: ± 1/16" ± .063			-	MANUAL, '08 F-550 FRONT ASSY INSTALL, RW					
	± .030 + 005			DIVERSIFIED META	AL FABRICATORS, INC. (4	04)875-1512			
ULAR	: + .015 : ± 1°	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUMBE	ER:	REV:	
FINIS ADS: BREAKS	H: 125 MICRO 2A AND 2B	NEH		4/6/11		M101910	2	#	

Mounting Axle Brackets:

- 1. Raise vehicle and support with jack stands
- 2. Remove front wheels and tires
- 3. Disconnect lower shock mount to allow clearance
- 4. Support the radius arm with a jack stand or other means
- 5. Remove the radius arm mounting bolts and nuts. Note the upper passenger side nut is tack welded to arm. Grind to remove.
- 6. Install axle brackets with provided M18 nuts and bolts. Be sure that the axle bracket with a pin stop is to the outboard side of the vehicle.
- 7. Re-attach lower shock mount
- 8. Re-install wheels and tires
- 9. Remove jack stands and lower truck

Mounting Frame Brackets:

- 1. Remove front bumper. Refer to chassis manufacturer's manual.
- 2. Bolt brackets in position through the existing slot in the sidewall of the frame rail.
- 3. Leave fasteners loose to allow movement during alignment procedures.

### NOTE:

Do not match drill vertical holes in bottom of frame brackets at this point. These fasteners will be installed after a rough overall alignment has been completed. This allows for the necessary adjustment to achieve proper alignment.

Install Railgear:

- 1. Slide Railgear under truck.
- 2. Attach front of long arms to the frame brackets using the provided front pins.
- 3. Attach rear of long arms to the axle brackets using the provided rear pins.

Check Clearance:

- 1. Check for truck frame, spring, steering gear or other truck component interference with the Railgear, particularly the long arms. See CLEARANCE NOTE and Figure 4.5.2.B.
- 2. Repeat process on passenger side.



Figure 4.5.2.B Ford F-4/550 Clearance Envelope

### CLEARANCE NOTES

Proper clearances will allow the Railgear to move up and down with the truck front suspension. As the truck tire hits bumps in the road, the truck spring allows the front axle to move upward (see above figure relevant to your chassis). Since the Railgear is attached to the spring just in front of the axle, sufficient clearance must be allowed to prevent interference with other parts on the truck (i.e. frame, steering linkages or boxes, shocks, oil filters, spring hangers, hydraulic lines, etc.). The front mounting pin does not move in relation to the vehicle frame because it is fastened through the frame extension (or directly to the truck frame). As the front mounting pin does not move and the rear mounting pin (at the axle) does, the Railgear effectively rotates about the front mounting pin. Therefore, the part of the Railgear near the rear mounting pin moves more than the part near the front mounting pin, and attention needs to be paid to the possible clearance problems that can be caused by this movement.

Route Hydraulic lines:

- 1. Route Railgear hydraulic lines following the schematic in Section 6.0
- 2. Route brake hydraulic lines following the schematic in Section 6.0.

Align Front Railgear:

- 1. Ensure that the long arms are parallel with each other and the truck frame. The outside long arms should be the same distance apart at the rear mounting pin as they are at the front mounting pin. This prevents the mechanism from binding during highway/rail operation of the Railgear. Also, the distance from the outboard side of the frame rail to the outside face of the long arm should be the same on each side.
- 2. Ensure that the front mounting pins are the same distance forward. Measure the frame brackets back to a common point on the chassis. These dimensions should not vary more than 1/16".
- 3. Check placement of axle brackets. As the axle brackets are attached directly to a common point on the suspension, these components should be in the proper location. Verify that this is the case and that the axle brackets are parallel to each other. If not, loosen the mounting bolts and correct the misalignment.
- 4. Secure frame brackets. After performing the above alignment checks and ensuring there are sufficient clearances for the Railgear, you may now match drill the vertical holes in the front frame brackets and fully secure the brackets to the frame.
- 5. Align axle and orient brakes. Raise the front rail wheels just above the floor, enough to slide the front installation rails into place under the rail wheels. Because the Railgear axle assembly is not fixed to the pivot arms (outside pivot arms will be completely welded to axle on inboard side at final weld-out), the rail wheels need to be centered. To center, measure the distance from the inside of the rail wheel to the truck frame. If the measurements are off, slide the rail wheels and axle assembly to one side (the axle tube will slide through the holes in the pivot arms).
- 6. The cobra brakes need to be rotated so that they are oriented in the correct position (see Figure 4.5.2.C).



Figure 4.5.2.C Front Brake Orientation

With the axle tubes now centered and brake configuration determined, the axle tubes 7. should be temporarily tacked to the inboard side of the outside pivot arm. At final adjustment, the tacks can be ground off and the axle re-adjusted if necessary. The inside pivot arms should not be welded to the axle tube to facilitate ease of disassembly for repair or future maintenance. The front Railgear is ready to be lowered on the installation rails. As the Railgear is lowered, check the clearance from the truck tire to the rail wheels. If there is any interference, stop lowering the wheels, and retrace the installation steps to fix the problem. When the Railgear is completely lowered, the front truck tires should be approximately 2 inches above the installation rails. If Railgear will not lift the truck, check that the cylinders are not cross plumbed, that the system pressure relief valve (if present) is set high enough and that the pressure relief on the front Railgear valve is set high enough. As a final review, recheck the center alignment of the rail wheels to the truck frame. If it is off, break the tacks between the outside pivot arms and axle tube and slide the axle tube to the correct position and re-tack in place.

### 4.5.3 Dodge/Sterling 45/5500 Installation

Figure 4.5.3.A shows the individual parts of the installed front Railgear. Please familiarize yourself with these item descriptions as they will be used throughout this installation manual.

Refer to drawing M101119 on the next page for additional installation guidelines. Note that 2013 and newer Ram 45/5500 models with a diesel engine will require slightly different frame mounting components than other Ram models. See Section 8.0 for additional parts details.



C, MACH: C, OTHER:	FIED) ± 1/32* ± 1/16" + 063		-	MANUAL, '08 DODGE/STER 4/5500, FRONT ASSY INSTALL, RW-1019						
ć	± .030 + .005			DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC. (404)875-1512						
L SIZES: GULAR:	+ .015 ± 1°	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUMBER:	REV:			
F FINISH: EADS: BREAK SHARP EDGES	125 MICRO 2A AND 2B (0020 X 45' MAX)	NEH		4/27/11		M1019119	#			



Figure 4.5.3.A '08- Present Dodge/Sterling 45/5500 Front Railgear - Key Components

Mounting Axle Brackets:

- 1. Raise vehicle and support with jack stands.
- 2. Remove front wheels and tires.
- 3. Align formed axle bracket with weldment on chassis axle.
- 4. Match drill holes through axle bracket and bolt in place.
- 5. Position cross tube and bracket side plates as shown on drawing. Note, these will be welded to the axle bracket after completion of final alignment.

Mounting Frame Brackets:

- 1. Remove front bumper (refer to chassis manufacturer's manual).
- 2. Remove factory installed front tow eyes (if applicable).
- 3. Bolt frame brackets to rail as shown on drawing using existing holes in frame.
- 4. Install cross tube. Note, the cross tube will be welded in place after final alignment and weight settings.

Install Railgear:

- 1. Slide Railgear under truck.
- 2. Attach front of long arms to the frame brackets using the provided front pins.
- 3. Attach rear of long arms to the axle brackets using the provided rear pins.

Check Clearance:

- 1. Check for truck frame, spring, steering gear or other truck component interference with the Railgear, particularly the long arms. See CLEARANCE NOTE and Figure 4.5.3.B.
- 2. Repeat process on passenger side.



Figure 4.5.3.B Dodge/Sterling 45/5500 Clearance Envelope

### CLEARANCE NOTES

Proper clearances will allow the Railgear to move up and down with the truck front suspension. As the truck tire hits bumps in the road, the truck spring allows the front axle to move upward (see above figure relevant to your chassis). Since the Railgear is attached to the spring just in front of the axle, sufficient clearance must be allowed to prevent interference with other parts on the truck (i.e. frame, steering linkages or boxes, shocks, oil filters, spring hangers, hydraulic lines, etc.). The front mounting pin does not move in relation to the vehicle frame because it is fastened through the frame extension (or directly to the truck frame). As the front mounting pin does not move and the rear mounting pin (at the axle) does, the Railgear effectively rotates about the front mounting pin. Therefore, the part of the Railgear near the rear mounting pin moves more than the part near the front mounting pin, and attention needs to be paid to the possible clearance problems that can be caused by this movement.

Route Hydraulic lines:

- 1. Route Railgear hydraulic lines following the schematic in Section 6.0.
- 2. Route brake hydraulic lines following the schematic in Section 6.0.

Align Front Railgear:

- 1. Ensure that the long arms are parallel with each other and the truck frame. The outside long arms should be the same distance apart at the rear mounting pin as they are at the front mounting pin. This prevents the mechanism from binding during highway/rail operation of the Railgear. Also, the distance from the outboard side of the frame rail to the outside face of the long arm should be the same on each side.
- 2. Check placement of frame brackets. Measure the frame brackets back to a common point on the chassis. These dimensions should not vary more than 1/16". After achieving this tolerance, snug the mounting bolts to hold the position of the brackets.
- 3. Check placement of axle brackets. As the axle brackets are attached directly to a common point on the suspension, these components should be in the proper location. Verify that this is the case and that the axle brackets are parallel to each other. If not, loosen the mounting bolts and correct the misalignment.

- 4. Secure frame brackets. After performing the above alignment checks and ensuring there are sufficient clearances for the Railgear, you may now tighten the frame bracket mounting bolts.
- 5. Align axle and orient brakes. Raise the front rail wheels just above the floor, enough to slide the front installation rails into place under the rail wheels. Because the Railgear axle assembly is not fixed to the pivot arms (outside pivot arms will be completely welded to axle on inboard side at final weld-out), the rail wheels need to be centered. To center, measure the distance from the inside of the rail wheel to the truck frame. If the measurements are off, slide the rail wheels and axle assembly to one side (the axle tube will slide through the holes in the pivot arms).
- 6. The cobra brakes need to be rotated so that they are oriented in the correct position (see Figure 4.5.2.B).
- 7. With the axle tubes now centered and brake configuration determined, the axle tubes should be temporarily tacked to the inboard side of the outside pivot arm (at final adjustment, the tacks can be ground off and the axle re-adjusted if necessary). The inside pivot arms should not be welded to the axle tube to facilitate ease of disassembly for repair or future maintenance. The front Railgear is ready to be lowered on the installation rails. As the Railgear is lowered, check the clearance from the truck tire to the rail wheels. If there is any interference, stop lowering the wheels, and retrace the installation steps to fix the problem. When the Railgear is completely lowered, the front truck tires should be approximately 2 inches above the installation rails. If Railgear will not lift the truck, check that the cylinders are not cross plumbed, that the system pressure relief valve (if present) is set high enough and that the pressure relief on the front railgear valve is set high enough. As a final review, recheck the center alignment of the rail wheels to the truck frame. If it is off, break the tacks between the outside pivot arms and axle tube and slide the axle tube to the correct position and re-tack in place.

### 4.5.4 GM 4/5500 Installation

Figure 4.5.4.A shows the individual parts of the installed front Railgear. Please familiarize yourself with these item descriptions as they will be used throughout this installation manual.

Refer to drawing M101103 on the next page for additional installation guidelines.

#### FOR SPECIFIC PART NUMBERS REFER TO DRAWING: M1019110

INSTALL SHIMS HERE MAX. ALLOWABLE 1/4" CONTACT DMF IF OUTSIDE MAX. RANGE **NOTE: SHIMS SHOULD BE PLACED ON BOTH PIVOT ARMS FOR A** GIVEN SIDE OF THE

TRUCK.

NOTE: DRAWING IS FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY DEPENDING ON OPTIONS YOUR PART MAY NOT BE **EXACTLY AS PICTURED** 

NOTE #1: GRADE 8 BOLTS MUST BE USED WHEN MOUNTING FRAME EXTENSIONS TO TRUCK FRAME

- NOTE #2: AT FINAL INSTALLATION
   FOR ALL STRUCTURAL WELDS, EITHER LOW HYDROGEN ROD OR DUAL SHIELD MIG WIRE SHOULD BE USED.
- WARNING: DO NOT ATTACH THE WELDING MACHINE GROUND CLAMP ONTO THE RAIL WHEELS. THIS WILL CAUSE ARCING ACROSS THE BEARINGS INSIDE THE WHEELS & LEAD TO PREMATURE BEARING FAILURE.
- MUST BE WELDED IN RAIL POSITION: THE INBOARD SIDE OF THE OUTER PIVOT ARM (FOR BOTH PASSENGER & DRIVER SIDE) MUST BE FULLY WELDED (COMPLETE STRUCTURAL WELDS) ALL THE WAY AROUND, ONCE FINAL ALIGNMENT & WEIGHTS ARE SET)
- FRONT CROSS TUBES MUST BE FULLY WELDED (COMPLETE STRUCTURAL WELDS) TO TRUCK FRAME OR FRAME EXTENSIONS ALL THE WAY AROUND. .
- IF SHIMS REQUIRED, RULLY WELD ALL SHIMS IN ALL LOCATIONS, IN PLACE, ONCE ALIGNMENT IS ACHIEVED (IF MORE THAN ONE SHIM PER LOCATION, THEN ALL SHIMS USED AT LOCATION SHOULD . BE WELDED TO ONE ANOTHER.)

**NOTE #3:** 

ONCE SPRING BRACKET IS FINALLY SET, WHERE CLEARANCE ALLOWS, LEAVE 1" THREADED ROD EXPOSED ABOVE NUT (2 THREADS MIN.) - SEE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION



DRAWN BY

NEH

APPD BY

DATE

4/7/11

DRAWING NUMBER

M1019103

REV.







Figure 4.5.4.A '02- 09 GM 45/5500 Front Railgear - Key Components

#### NOTE:

DMF front frame extensions are designed to support the Railgear only. It is the installer's responsibility to properly engineer brackets for rail racks, boom rests and etc.

Mounting spring bracket hangers:

- 1. Remove the truck's front bumper.
- 2. Bolt the frame extensions to the truck frame. Make sure that the tilt of the cab's hood will clear the frame extensions. Trim the brackets and re-gusset them if necessary. All truck frame extensions that are bolt-on brackets must use 5/8" Gr. 8 bolts, hardened steel washers and Gr. 8 prevailing torque locknuts. All of the 5/8 Gr. 8 fasteners should be tightened per the drawing in Section 4.1.5. Check that the frame extension tubes are level front to rear and side to side with the frame.
- 3. Slide the front Railgear under the truck frame, positioning the spring bracket hangers as close as possible to the front truck axle. Make sure at least half of the spacer is seated on the leaf spring closest to the front truck axle. If the spacer is not at least half-seated, move spring bracket hanger forward to next leaf spring.
- 4. Once positioned, place a floor jack under the outboard and inboard long arm, close to the spring hanger on the driver's side. Using the jack, raise the spring hanger up toward the truck's leaf springs. You will raise and lower the long arms until the rear mounting pin is 9-3/4" (+/- ½") from the floor. See Figure 4.5.4.A.
- 5. Once you achieve the desired height, insert 1"x2" flat bar spacers between spring hanger and leaf spring, up to a maximum of 4". If you need more than 4" of spacers, a change of spring brackets may be required. See Section 8.0 for spring bracket information. Contact DMF for assistance.
- 6. Once spacers are in place with spring bracket at the appropriate height, attach the spring bracket to the truck spring using a rubber spacer (already supplied) directly on top of the leaf springs, and then a 1" x 2" flat bar Spacer (already supplied) on top of the rubber spacer and two 3/4"-10 hex nuts per stud. The top spacer has no effect on the height of the Railgear and is only used for clamping purposes.
- 7. The nuts should be tightened down until the rubber spacer begins to deform from the downward pressure. <u>Caution</u>: Do not over tighten.
- 8. Repeat process on passenger side.

Route Hydraulic lines:

- 1. Route Railgear hydraulic lines following the schematic in Section 6.0
- 2. Route brake hydraulic lines following the schematic in Section 6.0.

Mounting Front Cross Tubes:

- 3. Ensure that both spring bracket hangers are properly installed before attempting to install front cross tubes.
- 4. Connect hydraulic system to Railgear.
- 5. Disengage the front Railgear pin offs and set the steering tires straight ahead. The front Railgear can now be actuated with the hydraulic system, which will cause the long arms to be raised up to the frame. See Figure 4.5.4.A. The frame mounting bracket only needs to be brought up to where it touches the frame extension or truck frame, <u>not</u> raised all the way to lift the truck frame and raise the truck tires.
- 6. In order to install the front of the front Railgear at the correct height, the center of the front mounting pins must be located at 22-1/2" (+/- ½") from the ground (with the truck tires on the ground) as shown in Figure 4.5.4. If required, space the cross tubes down to obtain this 22-1/2" up to a maximum of 3" of spacers. Any spacers used should be load bearing members (no thin wall tubing). If you need more than 3" of shims, a change of cross tubes / mounting block may be required. See section 8.0 for information. Contact DMF for assistance.
- 7. Once properly shimmed, the hydraulic system should already be properly positioned to hold the shims in place until alignment can be completed.
- 8. Check for truck frame, spring, steering gear or other truck component interference with the Railgear, particularly the long arms. See CLEARANCE NOTE and Figure 4.5.4.B.
- 9. Repeat process on passenger side.



Figure 4.5.4.B GM 45/5500 Clearance Envelope

### **CLEARANCE NOTES**

Proper clearances will allow the Railgear to move up and down with the truck front suspension. As the truck tire hits bumps in the road, the truck spring allows the front axle to move upward (see above figure relevant to your chassis). Since the Railgear is attached to the spring just in front of the axle, sufficient clearance must be allowed to prevent interference with other parts on the truck (i.e. frame, steering linkages or boxes, shocks, oil filters, spring hangers, hydraulic lines, etc.). The front mounting pin does not move in relation to the vehicle frame because it is fastened through the frame extension (or directly to the truck frame). As the front mounting pin does not move and the rear mounting pin (at the axle) does, the Railgear effectively rotates about the front mounting pin. Therefore, the part of the Railgear near the rear mounting pin moves more than the part near the front mounting pin, and attention needs to be paid to the possible clearance problems that can be caused by this movement. Align Front Railgear:

- 1. Ensure that the long arms are parallel with each other and the truck frame. The outside long arms should be the same distance apart at the rear mounting pin as they are at the front mounting pin. This prevents the mechanism from binding during highway/rail operation of the Railgear. Also, the distance from the outboard side of the frame rail to the outside face of the long arm should be the same on each side.
- 2. Check placement of front cross tubes. Measure the frame brackets back to a common point on the chassis. These dimensions should not vary more than 1/16". After achieving this tolerance, snug the mounting bolts to hold the position of the brackets.
- 3. Check placement of spring bracket. Measure the distance from each spring bracket (or axle bracket) back to the truck axle. Since the forward position of the long arms has been verified (Check #2), an off measurement here probably means the front truck axle is misaligned and needs to be corrected.
- 4. Secure Front Cross Tubes. After performing the above alignment checks and ensuring there are sufficient clearances for the Railgear, you may now tack the cross tubes to the front frame extensions.
- 5. Align axle and orient brakes. Raise the front rail wheels just above the floor, enough to slide the front installation rails into place under the rail wheels. Because the railgear axle assembly is not fixed to the pivot arms (outside pivot arms will be completely welded to axle on inboard side at final weld-out), the rail wheels need to be centered. To center, measure the distance from the inside of the rail wheel to the truck frame. If the measurements are off, slide the rail wheels and axle assembly to one side. The axle tube will slide through the holes in the pivot arms.
- 6. The cobra brakes need to be rotated so that they are oriented in the correct position (see Figure 4.5.4.C).



Figure 4.5.4.C Front Brake Orientation

7. With the axle tubes now centered and brake configuration determined, the axle tubes should be temporarily tacked to the inboard side of the outside pivot arm (at final adjustment, the tacks can be ground off and the axle re-adjusted if necessary). The inside pivot arms should not be welded to the axle tube to facilitate ease of disassembly for repair or future maintenance. The front Railgear is ready to be lowered on the installation rails. As the Railgear is lowered, check the clearance from the truck tire to the rail wheels. (If there is any interference, stop lowering the wheels, and retrace the installation steps to fix the problem.) When the Railgear is completely lowered, the front

truck tires should be approximately 2 inches above the installation rails. If Railgear will not lift the truck, check that the cylinders are not cross plumbed, that the system pressure relief valve (if present) is set high enough and that the pressure relief on the front railgear valve is set high enough. As a final review, recheck the center alignment of the rail wheels to the truck frame. If it is off, break the tacks between the outside pivot arms and axle tube and slide the axle tube to the correct position and re-tack in place.

Completing Front Installation:

1. If the spring bracket location had to be adjusted, make sure that the hex nuts (two per stud) on both spring brackets have been tightened down. Then with a torch, cut the excess stud length on the spring brackets. If these studs are not trimmed down, they may pose a clearance problem with other parts on the truck. See CLEARANCE NOTE and Figure 4.5.4.B.

NOTE:

Remount the truck front bumper or use 8" standard channel welded onto the ends of the Frame Extensions.

With the front and rear Railgear both installed and each squared individually to the truck frame, you must perform a final overall alignment of front to rear Railgear, and also adjust the weight setting.

See drawing M1630115 on the next page for alignment and weight information. Once you have completed the alignment procedure, return to Section 4.7 for continued installation instructions.

#### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

A) STEPS 1) and 2) must be completed in listed order and are assumed to be within specifications and should only be addressed, if after alignment of the railgear, excessive flanging occurs.

1) Frame should be square, to within 1/8" maximum, on the diagonal.

- 2) Rear drive axle should be square to frame within 1-1/6" maximum on the diagonal to achieve 0° thrust angle. this should be checked by a qualified alignment shop.
- B) The following procedure applies to shop or field inspection.
  - 1) Check air pressure in all tires. tires should be inflated to the minimum rating of the wheel or tire.
  - 2) Place vehicle on straight and level track, or 3" channel to simulate rail. Lower the railgear to the rail so that front to rear and diagonal measurements can be made. (Note: these measurements can be made from any convenient locations, as long as it stays consistent from side to side.
  - 3) If diagonal measurement is out of tolerance, adjustment of the front railgear must be made. The procedure for this is as follows (for D-1 & D-2 only): Place shim material between the stop block on the pivot arm (see dwg below) & where it comes into contact with the long arm. The location for the shim is most accessible from behind the front Railgear axle (example: shim on left side, it will push left axle forward). Once proper shimming has been obtained, weld the shim into place on the pivot arm. Max. allowable 1/4" - Contact DMF if outside the maximum range.

#### RAIL WHEEL LOAD ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

Tire traction varies w/ every truck based on several factors such as weight & tire design. It can also vary on the same truck as equipment is added or deleted. Thus, we recommend performing the traction adjustments after all equipment is installed or removed. Since every truck differs, there is no exact procedure. However, we have found the following two methods to be a good guide. The true test is how the vehicle performs on rail.

#### METHOD #1

Note: Method #1 is a visual procedure of the tire capping on rail.

- 1) Grind off the welds on the (2) four hole mounting plates at the rear mounting bracket.
- 2) Loosen the (8) rear bracket mounting bolts.
- 3) Lower the railgear supporting the railgear with a floor jack or with the unit itself.
- 4) Remove or add spacer shim material located between the bottom of the truck frame and the shelf on the rear mounting bracket. Add shim to decrease traction and remove shim to increase traction (ref. side dwg. for illustration of proper tire capping).
- 5) Raise Railgear once again to contact the bottom of the truck frame.
- 6) Re-tighten the rear mounting bracket bolts to 154 ft/lb. torque and re-weld the mounting plates, and shims to the bracket (per rear install detail in section 5.1). If multiple spacers are used, remember to weld spacers to one another.

#### METHOD #2

Note: Method #2 distributes the vehicles rear axle(s) weight(s) equally over all rear axles, including the Railgear.

- 1) If truck scales are available, weigh the vehicle's rear axle (if tandem, weigh both)
- 2) With front and rear Railgear in the rail position, add or remove shims until rear Railgear axle weight is distributed equally between rear truck axle & Railgear. If truck has tandem axle, the weight should be equally distributed over all 3 axles (tandem & railgear axle 1/3, 1/3, 1/3).
- 3) Once weight is equally distributed, then raise Railgear to the highway position.
- 4) Re-tighten the rear mounting bracket bolts to 154 ft/lb. torque and re-weld the mounting plates, and shims to the bracket (per rear install detail in section 5.1). If have multiple spacers, remember to weld spacers to one another.









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RAC, MACH: RAC, OTHER

XXX OR XXXX DRILL SIZES

BREAK SHARP EDGES ( 0.030 X 45" HAX

ANGULAR:

4/17/12

9/14/09

DATE

1/32 1/16

063

.030 .005 .015

125 MICRC

TSH



M1630115

в

12/20/91

- Run vehicle forwards and backwards on rail.
- If available, run the vehicle through curves and switches.
- Verify alignment by observing the wear pattern on the wheel and the behavior of the vehicle. If adjustment is required refer to section 4.6 Overall Alignment Procedure.

## 4.8 FINAL WELD-OUT

Front Railgear:

- Weld inboard side of outside pivot arm to axle tube all the way around.
- Fully weld, on all sides, front mounting blocks / cross tubes to truck frame.
- If shims were required, fully weld shims into place on all sides for each shim location.

Rear Railgear:

- Weld 4-hole mounting plate to rear frame bracket as shown in Section 4.4.8.
- Ensure all spacers are firmly against side bracket and aligned with the rear mounting bracket, then fully weld spacer to mounting bracket as shown in Section 4.4.9.
- If multiple spacers are used, spacers must be fully welded to one another on the rear, and tack welded on the sides, as shown in Section 4.4.9.

## 4.9 INSTALL DECALS

• Label the vehicle according to the diagram on the back of the decal sheet. See decal drawings on the following pages.

	5. Double check all safety pins are in proper location.	
	Б. гuny теrrаст геаг тап wneets. С. Re-Install rear safety pins.	<ol> <li>Center front rail wheels over rail.</li> <li>If from is not completely centered over rail maneuver fruck so that it is</li> </ol>
99	4. Rear rail wheels A. Remove safety pins.	B. With rear wheels fully extended and properly seated on rail, install safety pin into lower hole on both sides.
8002	<ol> <li>Front rail wheels</li> <li>Retract front rail wheels completely.</li> <li>B. Once retracted, install safety pins.</li> </ol>	3. Lower rear wheels first. A. If rear is not completely centered (within 4"), rear rail wheels will center truck on rail.
	2. Either front or rear wheels may be activated first.	2. Once centered over tracks, remove front and rear safety pins.
То	1. Drive vehicle over road crossing.	1. Drive vehicle on crossing, centering it over tracks.
Id ot Arm round. 75-1512	<b>TO REMOVE VEHICLE FROM RAIL</b>	TO PLACE VEHICLE ON RAIL
sition, We Outer Pive he Way A //F (404) 87	GUIDE WHEEL SYSTEM	OPERATION OF D.M.F.
In Rai rd Side rube, <i>A</i> ons, Ca		
While Inboa Axle <sup>-</sup> Questi	800117	800117
	EPLACE SAFETY PINS PROPER LOCATION.	3. REPLACE SAFETY PINS IN PROPER LOCATION.
	CTIVATE VALVE PUSH- RAIL POSITION PULL- HIGHWAY POSITION	2. ACTIVATE VALVE A. PUSH- RAIL POSITION B. PULL- HIGHWAY POSITION B.
	EMOVE SAFETY PINS	1. REMOVE SAFETY PINS
	TRUCTIONS-	INSTRUCTIONS-

C. Lower front rail wheels until cylinders are fully retracted. Front rail wheels incorporate over center design and do not require safety pins in rail position. Double check all flanges to assure they are seated properly on rail and safety pins are installed.

6. Disengage steering wheel lock if equipped.

B. Front vehicle wheels must be straight ahead.

ON HI-RAIL BRAKE OFF

10484

DMF

6. Engage steering wheel lock if equipped.

Safe operating speeds on rail will be governed by track conditions and existing railroad rules and regulations. Under no conditions should vehicle be operated over 30 MPH on track.

800116

SAFETY CARES IN A THE SISTER OR STATE SAFE OF STATE OR STATE SAFE OF STATE OR STATE SAFE OF STATE OR STATE SAFE OF STATE OF STATE SAFE OF STATE S	AFETY RUCTIONS ont wheels t ahead for travel. 800119		
FIRST 800113			800114
CAUTION IRELIEF VALVE SETTINGS: 2000 PSI, FRONT 1500 PSI, REARDO NOT EXCEED: 2500 PSI, FRONT VALVE DO NOT EXCEED: 2000 PSI, REAR VALVE DO NOT BOTTOM-OUT RELIEFS, IF ADJUSTED800135	WHEEL SYSTEM	in the second	E ATLANTA, GA
RELIEF VALVE SETTINGS: 2000 PSI, FRONT ISO0 PSI, REAR DO NOT EXCEED: 2500 PSI, FRONT VALVE DO NOT EXCEED: 2000 PSI, REAR VALVE DO NOT BOTTOM-OUT RELIEFS, IF ADJUSTED 800135	ICE OF D.M.F. GUIDE steners, and excessive wear tance. diagonal flanges).	nths (whichever comes first) caps. Unless bearing probler r repacked. If repacking is with suitable grease. Replac	NC. (404) 875-1512
HI-RAIL VEHICLE COMPLETED BY:         WITH APPLICATION OF HI-RAIL AND FINISHED         BODY, THIS VEHICLE HAS         POUNDS OF AVAILABLE PAYLOAD.         DATE OF COMPLETION OF HI-RAIL EQUIPPED         VEHICLE: mo yr	<b>DN AND MAINTENAN</b> for hydraulic leaks, loose fa ng any bearing noise or resis oil.	ably. assembly. se every 2,000 miles or 6 mo sase cavity by removing hub do not need to be removed o ity should be only 80% filled form-A-Gasket (or equal).	er element. AL FABRICATORS, I
CAUTION: THIS MUTIPURPOSE VEHICLE HAS SPECIAL DESIGN AND EQUIPMENT FEATURES FOR OFF-ROAD USE. IT HANDLES DIFFERENTLY FROM AN ORDINARY PASSENGER CAR IN DRIVING CONDITIONS WHICH MAY OCCUR ON STREETS, HIGHWAYS, AND OFF-ROAD. WEIGHT AND LOCATIONS OF AVAILABLE PAYLOAD MAY ALSO AFFECT THE HANDLING OF THIS VEHICLE. DRIVE WITH CARE AND WEAR SAFTETY BELTS AT ALL TIMES.	INSPECTIC DAILY: Visually inspect rail gear Spin all four wheels notir Check level of hydraulic Compare left and right w	WEEKLY: Grease all fittings on rail Six (6) on front assem Fourteen (14) on rear Inspect the bearing grea Inspect bearings and gre suspected, the bearings required, the grease cav hubcaps using a bead of	ANNUALLY: Change hydraulic oil filte DIVERSIFIED MET
FOR PRECAUTIONS, READ THE VEHICLE OWNER'S GUIDE AND HI-RAIL OPERATORS SERVICE AND PARTS MANUAL. 800118			800312-2

### 4.10 INSTALL VELCRO STEERING WHEEL LOCK

The DMF steering wheel lock consists of two 2" wide adhesive backed "hook" strips and a 4" wide piece of "loop" fabric. A piece of adhesive backed hook is placed on the steering wheel column and a second piece placed on the top flat of the steering wheel hub. The 4" wide piece of loop fabric can then be applied to bridge the gap between column and wheel preventing the front tires from accidentally being turned while on the rail. However, in the event of an emergency, the steering wheel can be forcibly turned and the Velcro fasteners will separate.

- 1. Clean the top of the steering column and wheel with rubbing alcohol and a clean cloth.
- 2. Allow the column and wheel to dry.
- 3. Remove the adhesive backing from the "hook" strips and apply them to the top of the steering wheel hub and the column as close to the wheel-column gap as possible. NOTE: Trim the strips to fit around obstructions such as hazard light switches.



4.10.A Steering Wheel Lock Installation

- 4. Allow the adhesive to cure for 24 hours prior to attaching the 4" loop fabric.
- 5. When putting the truck on the rail, position the 4" loop fabric to bridge the gap between the hooks on both the column and wheel as shown below and press firmly.



4.10.B Steering Wheel Lock Installed

6. To remove the lock, pull on the 'D' ring and store the piece of Velcro fabric.

### 4.11 INSTALLATION REVIEW CHECKLIST

The following checklist is intended to assist the installer in re-checking and verifying aspects of the installation that are often overlooked or forgotten.

- Rail test the truck to check for good traction and braking. A good industrial siding or some authorized track time will be required. Check that rail wheels with brakes do not lock-up or slide.
- Adjust the Railgear height as required.
- Re-check alignment of the rear Railgear to the rear axle.
- □ Weld the mounting plate to the rear frame bracket with two 2" welds (at the top center). Welding the plates must be done; DO NOT forget to do it.
- Double check all welds and fasteners, and mounting cotter pins. Tie strap all hydraulic hoses, air hoses, and electrical wires away from exhausts and moving parts. Ensure that all hydraulic and air hoses have sufficient radius at bends.
- **D** Top off the hydraulic oil in the tank.
- □ Verify grease installed at all grease fittings per Section 3.2.
- □ Touch-up the black acrylic enamel paint on the front and rear Railgear.
- **Q** Raise the Railgear (highway position) and install all optional retention systems.
- Apply the decal kit.
- Check tire pressures.
- □ Check front alignment per Sections 4.5.2, 4.5.3, or 4.5.4 as appropriate.
- Check rear alignment per Sections 4.4.6
- Check overall alignment measurements:

<ul> <li>Rear Truck Axle to Rear Railgear Axle (straight):</li> </ul>	A1 = A2 (within 1/8")
---	-----------------------

- Rear Truck Axle to Rear Railgear Axle (diagonal): B1 = B2 (within 1/4") C1 = C2 (within 1/8")
- Front Railgear to Rear Railgear (straight):
- Front Railgear to Rear Railgear (diagonal):
- Raise and lower Railgear and verify retention system operation at highway and rail positions
- □ Verify that all bodywork is replaced and secure.
- □ In a parking lot or open area, verify that the tires, rims or Railgear do not contact the frame, suspension or other items.
- □ Inspect brake lines and ABS sensor lines to verify clearance from rim.
- □ Check for any rattles and vibration.

D1 = D2 (within 1/4'')

# SECTION 5.0 RAILGEAR OPTIONS

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5.1.1 5.1.2	Rail Sweep Adjustment Rail Sweep Parts	5-2 5-2
5.2 F	RAIL BRAKES	5-4
5.2.1 5.2.2	Brake Adjustment Brake Parts	5-4 5-4
5.3 F	REAR PIN-OFFS	5-7
5.4 F	FRONT PIN-OFFS	5-8

### 5.1 RAIL SWEEPS

### 5.1.1 Rail Sweep Adjustment

Installation and adjustment of rail sweeps is done with the Railgear in rail position. The bottom of the rubber rail sweep should lightly brush the rail surface. Adjust up or down as necessary.

- <u>Axles with brakes</u>: Rail sweeps are typically shipped bolted onto the axle.
- <u>Axles without brakes</u>: Weld-on rail sweeps are shipped loose and should be welded to the axle by the installer.



Figure 5.1.1 Rail Sweep Orientation

### 5.1.2 Rail Sweep Parts

The rubber rail sweeps should be replaced when they are worn to a point where satisfactory adjustment is no longer possible. Bent or broken rails sweeps should be repaired or replaced as necessary. See parts diagrams on following pages.

ITEM	PART #	QTY.	DESCRIPTION	ITE	ΕM	PART #	DESCRIPTION			
Α	12482	1	RAILSWEEP ASSEMBLY FRONT RH	1	1	12470	RAILSWEEP MOUNTING BRACKET FRONT LH (W/BRAKES)			
В	12483	1	RAILSWEEP ASSEMBLY FRONT LH		2	12471	RAILSWEEP MOUNTING BRACKET FRONT RH (W/BRAKES)			
С	12476	1	RAILSWEEP ASSEMBLY FRONT AXLE SET		3	818503	RAILSWEEP RUBBER PAD			
D	10037	1	RAILSWEEP ASSEMBLY (SINGLE) (WELD ON)		4	12475	MOUNTING BOLTS (HHCS3/8-16X1)			
Е	10053	1	RAILSWEEP ASSEMBLY AXLE SET (WELD ON)		5	818508	3/8" FLAT WASHER			
F	12491	1	RAILSWEEP ASSEMBLY REAR AXLE SET (BOLT ON)		6	818520	3/8 LOCK WASHER			
		R	AILSWEEP ASSEMBLY VARIATIONS		7	106243	3/8-16 HEX HEAD NUT			
					8	818626	RAILSWEEP MOUNGTING BRACKET REAR LH (W/BRAKES)			
					9	818627	RAILSWEEP MOUNGTING BRACKET REAR RH (W/BRAKES)			
				1	0	10042	RAILSWEEP MOUNTING BRACKETS REAR EITHER SIDE (WELD ON)			
	E	RAIL	SWEEP ASSY - WELD ON (USE W/O BRAKES)							
		0			Ň		9 (F) REAR RAILSWEEP ASSY - BOLT ON (USE W/BRAKES)			
					١	٦				
				0						
				B			Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system       Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system     Image: Name of the system			
			(4)	Ð			DRL SZES: +.015 DRL SZES: +.015 ANCILIA P. IV I DRAWN BY: APPD BY: DATE: DRAWING NUMBER: REV:			
(C)	FRONT	RAII	SWEEP ASSY - BOLT ON (USE W/ BRAKES)				SURF FINSH:         DS MICRO           1ME ANO 28         IAA 028           MICH STORE [LIST FOR WIT]         NEH			

## 5.2 RAIL BRAKES

### NOTE:

The rail wheel brake system is intended to assist the existing vehicle brakes when in the rail mode. As the vehicle rear tires are in contact with the railhead, the primary braking effort is derived from the rubber tires. Rail wheel brakes alone are insufficient to stop the vehicle in a reasonable distance.

### 5.2.1 Brake Adjustment

It may be periodically necessary to adjust the rail brakes to compensate for pad and wheel wear. See diagram below for brake adjustment procedures.



Figure 5.2.1 Rail Brake Adjustment

### 5.2.2 Brake Parts

- See diagrams on following pages for replacement brake actuation parts.
- See Section 6.0 for hydraulic and electrical brake control components.

	ITEM	PART	OTY.	DESCRIPTION
	<u>NO.</u> 1	12710	1	HYDRAULIC BRAKE CYLINDER: RW-1019/1212
	2	12745	2	HYDRAULIC BRAKE SIDE BRACKET, RW-1019/1212
$\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{COAT W} \\ \text{ANTE SETT} \\ 9 \\ \end{array}\right) $	3	12735	1	HYD. BRAKE LEVER ARM ASSEMBLY W/ STOP, RW-1212
ANTI-SIEZE	4	12434	1	HYDRAULIC BRAKE SHOE, COBRA CUTOFF, RW-1019/1212
	5	12436	2	HYDRAULIC BRAKE SHOE MOUNTING BLOCK, RW-1019/1212
	6	818452	1	AIR BRAKE SHOE PIN
	7	12424	1	PIN WELDMENT, 1019/1212/1420 HYDRAULIC BRAKE SHOE
	8	12760	1	HYDRAULIC BRAKES CYLINDER ROD PIN, RW-1019/1212
	9	818456	3	COTTER PIN, 1/8" X 1-1/2"
	10	818105	2	GREASE FITTING, 1/4"-28 (ALEMITE 1641-B)
	11	12479	4	HHCS, 1/2-13 X 1-1/4", GR8
	12	12481	4	LOCK WASHER, 1/2", GR8
	13	12750	REF	HYDRAULIC BRAKE AXLE SADDLE, 10" WHEEL
		M	IIGRATED T	D SOLIDWORKS: REMOVED NOTES: REMOVED 12710 EXPLODED VIEW:
	R U	DATE		REMOVED 12476; 12750 QTY REF WAS 12750 QTY 2
	TOLERANCES   FRAC, MAC	(UNLESS SPECIFIED): CH: ± 1/32"		
	FRAC, OTH	IER: ±1/16* ±.063 ±.030	RW	1019 RW-1019 FRONT HYD. BRAKE ASSY. (1-1/16" BORE)
	XXX DRILL SIZES: ANGULAP	± .005 + .015 + 1°		THIS DRAWING CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL PROPRIETARY INFORMATION OF DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC (DMF). COPYRIGHT DMF, ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
	SURF FINISH THREADS:	H: 125 MICRO DR/ 2A AND 2B	AWN BY:	
	DMF (40	04)875-1512	IVIRV	ISH 11/28/95 12/00 K



~	ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	QTY.	DESCRIPTION
/.\	1	12712	1	CYL BODY DETAIL 1019/1212
/ K 🔪	2	12763	1	GLAND DETAIL; GEN2 HYD. BRAKE CYLINDER; RW-1019/1212
	3	12720	1	O-RING; #022; 90A DURO
~	4	12719	1	BACK UP RING, #022
	5	605165	1	ROD WIPER, AN 959/940, .75" ID, 1/8" W
$/ K \setminus$	6	605545	1	ROD SEAL, STD POLYPAK, .75" ID, 1/8"W
	7	12717	1	EXTERNAL SNAP RING; 3/4" DIA SHAFT
	8	12715	1	CYLINDER ROD 1019/1212
	9	12722	1	COMPRESSION SPRING; HYDRAULIC BRAKE CYLINDER
	10	12718	1	INTERNAL SNAP RING; 1-3/16" BORE; #118
	11	605071	1	JAMB NUT, 3/8-24 UNF
	12	12716	1	RW-1019/1212 HYD.BRAKE CYL.ROD EXTENTION
	13	818105	1	GREASE FITTING, 1/4"-28 (ALEMITE 1641-B)
	14	12726	1	RW-1019/1212 HYD.BRAKE CYL.BLEEDER SCREW (40160)
	15	10432	1	FITTING 402X3 90 DEG BRAKE LINE 1/8 MPT X 1/8 INVERTED FLARE

### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE:

- 1. Ensure all parts are clean and free of burrs and sharp edges.
- 2. Lubricate rod, gland, and all seals lightly with blue assembly goo.
- 3. Install wiper (#5), rod seal (#6), backup ring (#4), and o-ring (#3) in gland (#2) in orientations shown in Detail A.
- 4. Install external snap ring (#7) and spring (#9) onto rod (#8).
- 5. Place rod into body (#1) with threaded end facing upwards.
- 6. Slide gland assembly over rod, compress spring, and secure with internal snap ring (#10).
- Install jamb nut (#11) onto rod extension (#12). Coat exposed threads with antizieze. Thread extension completley into rod, and tighten jamb nut.
- 8. Install grease fitting (#13), bleed valve (#14), and hydraulic fitting (#15). Observe orientation shown.

### **TEST PROCEDURE:**

- 1. DURING TEST PROCEDURE, DO NOT ALLOW ROD TO REACH FULL EXTENSION. MAX ROD EXTENSION SHOULD BE PHYSICALLY RESTRAINED TO 3/4" OR LESS.
- 2. Connect hydraulic power unit; set pressure relief to 2,000 psi.
- 3. Open bleed valve, cycle cylinder to purge air, and close bleed valve.
- 4. With rod extension limited to 3/4", pressure test for 15 sec. while inspecting for leaks.
- 5. Disconnect power unit and cap hydraulic fitting.

к	02/01/16	MIGRATED TO	SOLIDWORKS. 1	2763 WAS 12714, 605165	ТАМ			
REV	DATE			DESCRIPTION BY				
TOLERANCES: (UNLESS SPECIFIED) FRAC, MACH: ± 1/32" FRAC, OTHER: ± 1/16" X ± 0.63 XX ± 0.063		RW-	1019	TITLE: HYDRAULIC BRAKE CYLINDER; RW-1019/12 DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS,INC. (404)875-1512				
DRILL SIZES: ANGULAR: SURF FINISH: THREADS: BREAK SHARP	+ .015 ± 1° 125 MICRO 2A AND 2B	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY: TSH	DATE: 11/28/95		DRAWIN	g number: 12710	REV: K



NDTE #2: KIT INCLUDES AL MANUAL P/O'S T	LL PARTS NEEDED TO CONVERT O REMOTE CABLE OPERATED P/O'S	NDTE #1: SPECIFY THE BEST FITS N
REMO	TE PINOFF RETRO KITS	REPLACEME
P\N	DISCRIPTION	P/N
10740		818581
10741	LING LINKS W/78" CABLE	818577
10742	LONG LINKS W/64" CABLE	818576
10743	SHORT LINKS w/97° CABLE	818575
10744		818578
10745		818579
10746	X-SH. LINKS w/97" CABLE	818580
10747	X-SH LINKS w/78" CABLE	
10748	X-SH. LINKS w/64" CABLE	1



REV

#



PART #	QTY	DESCRIPTION
18577	1	REM.P/O CABLE ASSY.,41"w/HANDLE
18571	1	REM.P/O PLASTIC TEE HANDLE (MORSE)
18785	1	REMOTE PINOFF WELDMENT
18766	1	REM.P/O PIN, FRONT (CABLE)(RW-1019)2-3/8"
18767	1	1019 PIN OFF STOP WASHER

3								
À	-	-					-	
V	DATE			DESCRIPTION			BY	APP
RANC JNLES C, MA C, OT	ES: S SPECIFIED) CH: ± 1/32* HER: ± 1/16* ± .063		-	TITLE: MANUAL,	FRONT RETENTI	ON OPTIONS	5, RW-	1019
	± .030 ± .005			DIVERSIFIED META	AL FABRICATORS, INC. (4	04)875-1512		
l Sizes Gular	+ .015 ± 1°	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUMBE	ER:	REV:
FINIS ADS: BEAKS	H: 125 MICRO 2A AND 2B	NEH		5/2/11		M101912	4	#

# SECTION 6.0 HYDRAULIC & ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

6.1	VALVE ASSEMBLIES	-2
6.2	HYDRAULIC & ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC	-4
6.3	HYDRAULIC BRAKE TIMER SCHEMATIC	-5
6.4	BRAKE MANIFOLD FOR FRONT & REAR BRAKES	-6
6.5	BRAKE MANIFOLD FOR FRONT BRAKES	-7
6.6	HYDRAULIC BRAKE LINE ROUTING	-8
6.7	REAR HYDRAULIC CYLINDER DRAWINGS	-9
6.8	FRONT HYDRAULIC CYLINDER DRAWINGS	15
6.9	HYDRAULIC CYLINDER ASSEMBLY & TEST PROCEDURE	19
6.10	FITTING INSTALLATION	20

	ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	QTY.		DES	CRIPTION		
_	1	810443	1	PRINCE	FRONT VALVE V	<u>V/O FITTINGS, C</u>	-RING PORTS	
$\langle A \rangle$	2	605462	2	#04 #08 MAOR	MJIC X # IU MC	TRAIGHT REDIT	01-04-10) ~FR (6410-08-06	)
	4	605575	2	#04 MJIC .	X #04 MJIC X #0	06 MAORB, TEE	(6803-04-04-06)	
l	5	800135	1	DECAL, RELIEF V	ALVE SETTING S	SAFETY INSTRUC	TIONS (NOT SHO	OWN)
		A 12/ REV D	/6/16 ATE	810443 WAS 810206; 605	5462 WAS 810301; 605	574 WAS 810306; 6055 DN	575 WAS 810308	BJF BY ADI
		TOLERANCES (UN FRAC, MACH FRAC, OTHER X .XX .XX	ILESS SPECIFIED): ± 1/32* ± 1/16" ± .063 ± .030 ± .005	- RW-1019	1019 FRC	ONT HYDRAULIC	C VALVE W/ FITT	TINGS
		DRILL SIZES: ANGULAR:	+ .015 ± 1°		THIS DRAWING CC METAL FABR	DNTAINS CONFIDENTIAL PRO ICATORS, INC (DMF). COPY	DRAIMING AUMARS	F DIVERSIFIED
		SURF FINISH: THREADS: BREAK SHARP EDG DMF (404	125 MICRO 2A AND 2B 3ES .03 X 45° MAX 9875-1512	WEG -	6/10/93		10288	A





	ITEM	PART NO.	QTY	DESCRIPTION
	1	HAMMOND 1591TSBK	1	1019 BRAKE CONTROLLER BOX
	2	10486	1	TIMER
	3	HE87416	1	MICRO RELAY - HELLA 87416
	4	HE87125	1	MICRO 5 TERMINAL MOUNT CON BLK - HELLA 87125
	5	TERMINAL-HELLA87272	4	TERMINAL-HELLA87272

NCC TIMER (PART # Q4T-00060-346) - TIMER IS RED IN COLOR

- HAS ADJUSTMENT DIAL (3-60 SEC)
- 5 TERMINALS



▲ AIROTRONICS TIMER (PART # TGLB730SC2H) - TIMER IS BLACK IN COLOR

- NO ADJUSTMENT DIAL (FIXED 30 SECONDS)
- 3 TERMINALS



NDTES: 1) RELAY SHOWN IN DE-ENERGIZED STATE. 2) SET TIMER TO APPROXIMATELY 30 SECONDS. 3) NUMBERS ON RELAY DENOTE SPADE TERMINAL NUMBERS. 4) REFERENCE HD10481C FOR SYSTEM WIRING DETAILS.

	8/22/11	2/11 FIXED ERROR FROM REV B: PURPLE ON NCC TIMER WENT TO NC									
A	1/7/11	ADDED AIRE	IDED AIROTRONICS OPTION								
	2/25/09	HE87416 W	87416 WAS HE87401; HE87125 WAS HE87122								
REV	DATE		DESCRIPTION								
TOLERANCES (UNLESS SPECIFIED) COMMON SENSE PREVAILS FRAC, MACH. # 1/32 FRAC, OTHER. # 1/16"		RV	/-1019	TITLE: RW-10	)19 / 1212 HYDR/	AULIC BRAKE (	CONTRO	JLLER			
.XX ± .030				DIVERSIFIED	METAL FABRICAT	ORS,INC.(404)	375-15	12			
DRILL SIZES: + .015 ANGULAR: ± 1° SURF FINISH: 125 MICRO THREADS: 2A AND 2B BREAK SHAPP CHEES ( & CHO X 47 MAX)		DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUM	BER	REV⊨			
		SEW		9/7/03		10483		С			



ITEM	PART #	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	10491	1	FRONT RELIEF VALVE
2	10469	1	REAR RELIEF VALVE
3	10471	1	BRAKE CIRCUIT ENABLE VALVE (CARTRIDGE ONLY)
4	10472	2	BRAKE LOCKING VALVE (CARTRIDGE ONLY)
5	500727	3	VALVE SOLENOID
6	10438	2	DIAGNOSTIC NIPPLE
7	10470	4	ADAPTER, 1/4 MORB X 1/8 FPT
8	10432	2	BRAKE LINE ELBOW, 1/8 MPT X 1/8 INV. FLARE
9	10457	3	1/4 MORB X #4 MJIC 90 DEG. ELBOW





$\mathbb{A}$	7/2/14	1700 PSI W	JDI							
$\mathbb{A}$	10/21/13	ADDED 18	ADDED 1800 PSI, 700 PSI							
REV	DATE		DESCRIPTION							
OLERANCES: (UNLESS SPECIFIED) FRAC, MACH: ± 1/32* FRAC, OTHER: ± 1/16* .X ± .063 .X ± .030			-	TITLE: MANUAL, DIVERSIFIED META	BRAKE VALVE HYDRAFORC al fabricators,inc.(4	MANIFOLD A E, RW-1019 104)875-1512	ISSY (F	<sup>=</sup> &R),		
DRILL SIZES ANGULAR:	+ .015 ± 1°	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUMB	ER:	REV:		
SURF FINISH THREADS: BREAK SH	125 MICRO 2A AND 2B	NEH		5/20/11		M101913	5	В		
























### TITLE: Cylinder Assembly

PURPOSE: To Establish Production Methods For The Assembly Of Cylinders

### COMMON USAGE: All Models

PARTS GENERALLY ENCOMPASSED BY THIS PROCEDURE: D.M.F. Manufactured Hydraulic Cylinders With "PolyPack" Piston Seals

### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE:

PISTON: A) Inspect for sharp edges. Deburr as neccessary.

B) Clean and blow off with shop air.
C) Use Blue Assemblee Goo (19260) to aid in assembly.
D) Install two (2) seals with each lip (o'ring insert side) facing the closer piston face.

- GLAND: A) Inspect OD and bore for sharp edges. Deburr as neccessary.
  B) Clean and blow off with shop air.
  C) Use Blue Assemblee Goo (19260) to aid in assembly.
  D) Install wiper ring in bore with lip facing outboard.
  E) Install seal in bore with lip (o'ring insert side) facing inboard.
  F) Inspect for seal damage. Any shaved seal material requires replacement.
  G) Install backing ring in O'ring groove on OD with concave surface facing inboard.
  H) Install O'ring on inboard side of groove in Step G.
  I) Inspect O'ring for damage.

#### ROD ASSEMBLY:

- A) Clean and inspect shaft surface for scratches and dings. B) Install grease fitting in rod end per PP001. C) Use Blue Assemblee Goo (19260) to aid in assembly. D) Install gland assembly onto rod with the outboard side facing the rod end. E) Install rod O'ring onto threaded end of rod. F) Inspect O'ring for damage. G) Install piston assembly onto rod with the O'ring counterbore facing O'ring in Step E. Be certain that O'ring seats in counterbore. H) Install self locking rod nut on rod. Tighten to 200 to 300 foot-pounds torque (Torque will vary based on rod & nut size).

### CYLINDER ASSEMBLY:

- A) Inspect cylinder ports for minimum three (3) threads and no burrs. Deburr as neccessary.
  B) Clean tube ID threads and bore and blow out with shop air.
  C) Inspect threads for debris.
  D) Support cylinder barrel assembly with gland end facing up.
  E) Maintain rod assembly in vertical position, align piston with tube bore, engage piston in tube bore, strike rod end with hammer until piston is below first cylinder port.
  F) Slide gland down on rod, engage gland threads into barrel by hand.
  G) Screw gland into barrel with spanner wrench until gland face contacts barrel tube-end.
  H) Install two (2) hydraulic fittings into cylinder ports per PP003.

### PRESSURE TESTING:

- A) Connect hydraulic power unit to cylinder.
   B) Operate cylinder through complete cycle to purge air and fill with clean hydraulic oil.
   C) Operate cylinder to full extension and retraction and maintain at 3300 PSI for 15 seconds at each extent. While maintaining pressure at each extent, visually inspect ports, rod seal, gland OD seal, and cylinder bottom areas for leakage.
   D) Disconnect hydraulic power unit and install caps on port fittings.

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COMMENTS: Specific assembly instructions on prints are performed with preference over this procedure.

FOR CYLINDERS GREATER THAN Ø4.5", DO NOT ALLOW CYLINDER TO BOTTOM DURING TESTING, BLOCK ROD AGAINST GLAND WITH PIN AND 1" BLOCKS.

⚠	11/7/14	REMOVED S	REMOVED STEP E						
$\triangle$	5/25/12	USE 19260	INSTEAD O	F HYDRAULIC	OIL		JDI		
A	7/16/11	REMOVED C	YLINDER PA	rt #'s			NEH		
$\blacksquare$	9/27/07	ADDED CYL	DDED CYLINDER TESTING WARNING						
REV	DATE		DESCRIPTION						
TOLERAN (UNLE COMMON FRAC, M FRAC, C	TOLERANCES: (UNLESS SPECIFIED) COMMON SENSE PREVAILS FRAC, MACH: ± 1/32 FRAC, OTHER: ± 1/16			TITLE:	PRODUCTIO	N PROCEDUR	RE 00	В	
				DIVERSIFIED M	ETAL FABRICATORS	, INC. (404) 8	875-15	12	
DRILL SI	ZES: + .015	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUM	BER:	REV:	
SURF FI	NISH: 125 MICRO 22 AND 28 EDEES (0.030 X 45° HWX)	WAK		6/24/94	-¶ <b>i</b> ≯	PP008	5	D	

ITEM	PART NO.	QTY	DESCRIPTION	
1				
2				

TITLE: SAE (JIC) 37 Degree Fitting Installation.

PURPOSE: To Establish Production Methods For The Installation Of SAE (JIC) Medium Pressure Hydraulic Fittings.

COMMON USAGE: Hydraulic Systems Operating With Petroleum-Based Fluids At Pressures Below 4000 PSI Or Minimum Component Rating.

PARTS GENERALLY ENCOMPASSED BY THIS PROCEDURE: Purchased Fittings With SAE (JIC) 37 Degree Flared Ends.

PROCEDURE: A) Inspect fitting components to ensure that mating parts are free of burrs, nicks, scratches or any foreign material.

- B) Align tube flare against nose of fitting body and screw on the nut, finger tight, clamping the tube flare between the fitting nose and the nut.
- C) Tighten the nut the indicated Flats From Finger Tight (F.F.F.T.) listed in the chart below. Use a second wrench to hold the hose in proper alignment while tightening to avoid twisting the lay line. One flat on a hex is equal to 1/6th of a full turn. Tolerance on tightening is plus or minus 1/4 flat (1/24th of full turn).

Size	Thread Size	Tube Connection F.F.F.T.	Swivel Nut or Hose Connection F.F.F.T.
-4	7/16-20	2	2
-6	9/16-18	1.5	1.25
-8	3/4-16	1.5	1
-12	1 1/16-12	1.25	1
-16	1 5/16-12	1	1
-20	1 5/8-12	1	1
-24	1 7/8-12	1	1

## SAE (JIC) 37° Flare Fittings

A								
$\square$								
REV	DATE		DESCRIPTION					
TOLERANC (UNLES COMMON FRAC, M FRAC, O	CES: <u>SS SPECIFIED)</u> <u>SENSE PREVAILS</u> ACH: ± 1/32" UTHER: ± 1/16" ± .063			TITLE: PROD JIC F	OUCTION PROCE	DURE 005 TION		
XX XXX OR	± .030			DIVERSIFIED M	IETAL FABRICATORS	i, INC. (404) 875–	1512	
DRILL SU	ZES: ± .005	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUMBER:	REV:	
SURF FIN THREADS BREAN	NISH: 125 MICRO 24 AND 28 K SHARP EDGES	TSH		06/02/94	ব্যা≯	PP005	#	

ITEM	PART NO.	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1			
2			

TITLE: SAE O-Ring Fitting Installation

PURPOSE: To Establish Production Methods For The Installation Of O-Ring Medium And High Pressure Hydraulic Fittings.

COMMON USAGE: Hydraulic Systems Operating With Petroleum-Based Fluids At Pressures Below 4000 PSI Or Minimum Component Rating.

PARTS GENERALLY ENCOMPASSED BY THIS PROCEDURE: Purchased Fittings With O-Ring Seals And SAE Straight Threads.

### PROCEDURE:

- A) Inspect to ensure that both mating parts are free of burrs, nicks, scratches or any foreign particles.
- B) Lubricate O-Ring with light coat of system fluid or compatible oil.
- C) For adjustable fittings, back off lock nut as far as possible. Make sure back up washer is not loose and is pushed up to nut.
- D) Screw fitting into port until finger tight. Back up washer (adjustable) or hex face (non-adj.) should contact port face. Light wrenching may be necessary.
- E) To align an adjustable fitting, unscrew by desired amount but not more than one full turn. Use wrench to hold in position. Screw nut down to port face until finger tight.
- F) Tighten lock nut (adjustable) or fitting (non-adj.) the indicated Flats From Finger Tight (F.F.F.T.) in either the Adjustable chart or the Non-Adjustable chart below. One Flat on a hex is equal to 1/6th of a full turn. Tolerance on tightening is plus or minus 1/4 flat (1/24th of full turn).
- G) Inspect to ensure that O-Ring is not pinched and back up washer/hex seats flat on face of port.

ADJUSTABLE FITTINGS

SAE Port Thread Size	F.F.F.T.
5/16-24	1.0
7/16-20	1.5
9/16-18	1.5
3/4-16	1.5
7/8–14	1.5
1 1/16-12	1.5
1 3/16-12	1.5
1 5/16-12	1.5
1 5/8-12	2.0
1 7/8–12	2.0
	SAE Port         Thread Size         5/16-24         7/16-20         9/16-18         3/4-16         7/8-14         1         1         1/16-12         1         3/16-12         1         5/16-12         1         5/16-12         1         5/16-12         1         5/16-12         1         5/8-12         1         7/8-12

## NON-ADJUSTABLE FITTINGS

Fitting Size	SAE Port Thread Size	F.F.F.T.
2	5/16-24	1.0
4	7/16-20	1.0
6	9/16-18	1.5
8	3/4-16	1.5
10	7/8-14	1.5
12	1 1/16-12	1.5
14	1 3/16-12	1.5
16	1 5/16-12	1.5
20	1 5/8–12	1.5
24	1 7/8–12	1.5

<u>A</u>							
$ \mathbb{A} $							
REV DATE		DESCRIPTION					
TOLERANCES: (UNLESS SPECIFIED) COMMON SENSE PREVAUS FRAC, MACH: ± 1/32 FRAC, OTHER: ± 1/16* X ± 0.65 X ± 0.65 X ± 0.05 K ± 0.05		TITLE: PROD O-RII DIVERSIFIED M	UCTION PROCED NG FITTING INST IETAL FABRICATORS	OURE 003 ALLATION , INC. (404) 8	575-15	12	
DRILL SIZES: ± .005 ANGULAR: ± 1 SURF FINISH: 125 MICRO THREADS: 2A AND 2B BREAK SHARP EDGES	DRAWN BY: TSH	APPD BY:	DATE: 06/02/94		DRAWING NUM PP003	BER:	REV: #

	ITEM
	1
2	2

TITLE: National Pipe Thread (NPT) Fitting Installation.

PURPOSE: To Establish Production Methods For The Installation Of NPT Medium Pressure Hydraulic Fittings.

COMMON USAGE: Hydraulic Systems Operating With Petroleum-Based Fluids At Pressures Below 3000 PSI Or Minimum Component Rating.

PARTS GENERALLY ENCOMPASSED BY THIS PROCEDURE: Purchased Fittings With Tapered Pipe Threads.

PROCEDURE: A) Inspect port components to ensure that male and female threads are free of nicks, burrs, dirt etc.

- B) Apply sealant/lubricant to male pipe threads. Use only Permatex #14D "Thread Sealant With Teflon" paste (or Engineering approved equal). The first few threads must be left uncovered to avoid system contamination.
- C) Screw fitting into female pipe port to the finger tight position.
- D) Wrench tighten the fitting to the appropriate Turns From Finger Tight (T.F.F.T.) shown in chart below. Make sure that tube end of shaped fitting is aligned to receive in coming tube or hose assembly.

Fitting Size	Pipe Thread Size, NPT	T.F.F.T.
2	1/8-27	2.0-2.5
4	1/8-27	2.0-2.5
6	1/4-18	1.5-2.0
8	3/8-18	2.0-2.5
10	1/2-14	2.0-2.5
12	3/4-14	1.5-2.0
14	3/4-14	1.5-2.0
16	1-11 1/2	1.5-2.0
20	1 1/4-11 1/2	1.5-2.0
24	1 1/2-11 1/2	1.5-2.0

## STEEL PIPE THREAD FITTINGS

COMMENTS: Teflon Tape May Be Used In Certain Situations With Engineering Approval. A Pipe Fitting Is Limited To One Or Two Re-Uses.

A								
$\square$								
REV	DATE		DESCRIPTION					APP
TOLERAN (UNLE COMMON FRAC, M FRAC, C .X .XX	TOLERANCES: (UNLESS SPECIFIED) COMMON SENSE PREVAILS FRAC, MORI: 1 / 732 FRAC, OTHER: ± 7 / 732 F			TITLE: PROD PIPE DIVERSIFIED M	UCTION PROCED FITTING INSTALL	OURE 004 ATION	75-15	512
DRILL S ANGULAI SURF FI THREADS BREA	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	DRAWN BY: TSH	APPD BY:	DATE: 06/02/94		DRAWING NUM PP004	BER:	REV: #

## SECTION 7.0 REAR RAILGEAR PARTS

7.1	BEFORE ORDERING PARTS – REAR RAILGEAR	7-2
7.2	REAR PARTS DETAIL DRAWING	7-4
7.3	LINK DIMENSIONS	7-5
7.4	EXTRA-SHORT LINKS	7-6
7.5	SHORT LINKS	7-7
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7.7	REAR AXLE ASSEMBLY	7-9
7.8	REAR FRAME BRACKETS	-10

## 7.1 BEFORE ORDERING PARTS – REAR RAILGEAR

Required Information for Ordering Parts:

- You must have the Railgear serial number when ordering parts. This uniquely identifies your Railgear, as it was built to your specifications, and also allows DMF to help you maintain a history of your Railgear. If you are placing a parts order through a maintenance facility, please inform them of the serial number, so that they can relay the information when placing your order.
- Returns: DMF has a Return Authorization Procedure. You must contact DMF for an RA# before returning any parts for any reason. Parts will not be credited without an RA#.
- Labor: In extremely rare situations, on a discretionary basis, and with prior approval, DMF will reimburse certain, specific labor costs. If you feel this may apply in your situation, you must contact DMF's Service Department for a Service Authorization Number (SA#). No labor will be reimbursed without an SA#. The SA# must be included on your request for reimbursement.
- Please use driver's side / passenger's side terminology (instead of left/right side) when describing issues with your Railgear. This ensures that everyone involved is clear about where the issue is occurring.

### Other Considerations for Ordering Parts:

This is a list of considerations to make before placing a parts order with DMF. There are many variations and customer requirements that we strive to accommodate, and as a result, the more information you can provide to us when placing an order, the more likely that we will be able to help you quickly and efficiently.

Wheels:

- If you are a customer using special wheel profiles (this is especially prevalent in Metros), please be sure to inform the DMF Parts Department that there may be a special wheel profile involved in your order.
- DMF offers both insulated and non-insulated wheels Please confirm which wheel you need before ordering. Insulated wheels can be identified by a grooved ring machined around the inside of the Rail wheel. This grooved ring can been seen and felt, and is located about an inch in from the outside tread.

Links:

- DMF's links come in 3 sizes: x-short, short, and long. The sizes cannot be mixed between upper and lower links (i.e. Long upper link can only be used with long lower link. Each link has a slotted version as well.
- Links are sold individually, unless you require an entire set of 8 (4 front, 4 rear). See drawings for additional clarification on link type (i.e. long, short, or extra-short), and the appropriate part numbers for ordering.
- Note: Short links are DMF's default configuration for our Railgear.

Cylinders / Brakes:

• Note that there are three sizes of rear cylinders and they match with each of the three length variants of rear links. Please confirm the length of your cylinder and select the appropriate drawing for part numbers.

Rear Mounting Bracket:

- DMF's 1019 series of Railgear comes with a standard rear mounting bracket. This bracket works on all currently approved chassis.
- For special applications, other bracket widths or heights are available. Please contact the DMF parts department for more information.
- For the Ford F-4/550 series chassis, a special transit bracket is available to meet specific criteria regarding curve performance. Refer to the drawing in Section 7.8.



PART	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
10083	RW1019 REAR BRACKET ASSY.,34-1/4"w/BIG	1
10676	RW-1019HD WHEEL & AXLE	1
10047	RW1019/12/1420 REAR BRACKET 4 HOLE	2
10764	REAR LINK, SHORT, UPPER FRONT DRIVER SIDE	1
10233	REAR LINK, SHORT, LOWER FRONT EITHER SIDE	2
10782	REAR LINK, SHORT, LOWER DRIVER SIDE	1
10774	REAR LINK, SHORT, UPPER REAR DRIVER REMOTES P/O'S	1
10765	REAR LINK, SHORT, UPPER FRONT PASSENGER	1
10775	REAR LINK, SHORT, UPPER REAR PASSENGER REMOTE P/O'S	1
10783	REAR LINK, SHORT, LOWER PASSENGER SIDE	1
241504	ASSY, CYL, RR, L'VLV, LH (2-1/2x 9-5/8)	1
241503	ASSY, CYL, RR, L'VLV, RH (2-1/2x 9-5/8)	1
818582	REM.DBL.P/O ASSY.(CABLE)(5- 3/8'')(1019,1212,1420)	2
818563	REMP/O SLIDE PLATE DETAIL (CABLE)(1/2" THICK)	2
10250	RW-1019 PIN ASSY., REAR UPPER MOUNTING	2
10251	RW-1019 PIN ASSY., REAR LOWER MOUNTING	2
10240	1019 REAR CYL. ROD PIN	2
12700	RW-1019 FRONT HYDRAULIC BRAKE 	2
818626	RAILSWEEP REAR WELDMENT,LH (BOLT- ON),w/HYD. BRAKES	1
818627	RAILSWEEP REAR WELDMENT,RH (BOLT- ON),w/HYD. BRAKES	1
818503	RAILSWEEP RUBBER BELTING DETAIL	2
818127	RW-1630 FRONT HEX NUT, SLOTTED (SLHN;1"-8)	4
818289	RW-1630 REAR CYL. TURNNION FLAT WASHER (FW1-1/4")	4
818256	RW-1630 REAR SLOTTED NUT (1-1/4"-7)	4
818116	HEX NUT 1/2-13	8
12479	RW-1019/1212 BOLT (HHCS 1/2"-13 X 1- 1/4"GR8)	8
12481	RW-1019/1212 WASHER, LOCK (1/2" GR8)	8
12475	RW-1019/1212 BOLT (HHCS 3/8"-16 X 1")	4
818508	3/8" FLAT WASHER	4
818520	LW3/8 RAIL SWEEP	4
810410	3/8 HEX NUT FOR VALVE MOUNTS	4
818258	RW-1630 REAR COTTER PIN (1/4"X2-1/2")	4
818248	RW-1630 REAR COTTER PIN (3/16"X2")	8

\*MUST HAVE SERIAL # WHEN ORDERING PARTS\* DEPENDING ON OPTIONS, PART #'S MAY VARY; SEE LINK VARIATIONS IN SECTION 5.4

## APPLIES TO ALL CURRENTLY APPROVED CHASSIS

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2	-	-					-	
V	DATE		DESCRIPTION					APP
C, MA	ES: SPECIFIED) CH: ± 1/32" HER: ± 1/16" ± .063 ± .030 + .005		-	TITLE: MANUAL, DIVERSIFIED META	'08 F-550 REAR RW-1( AL FABRICATORS,INC.(4	ASSY PARTS 019 04)875-1512	DIAG	RAM,
ULAR GULAR FINISH EADS: BREAKSH	+ .015 + .015 + 1° 125 MICRO 2A AND 28 ARPEDGES (0.000 X 47 MAX)	DRAWN BY: NEH	APPD BY:	DATE: 4/19/11		DRAWING NUMB M101910	ER: 4	REV: #









PARTS: (MUST HAVE SERIAL # WHEN ORDERING)	ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	QTY.	DESCRIPTION
COMPLETE REAR AXLE ASSEMBLY OPTIONS (AXLE, AXLE TUBE)	1	10680	1	RW-1019-HD AXLE & TUBE REAR WELDMENT, W/ BRAKE SADDLES
AND WHEELS) NON-INSULATED, WITH BRAKES - 10674	2	10570	1	RW-1019-HD WHEEL,NON-INS., W/RACES
NON-INSULATED, NO BRAKES - 10670 INSULATED, WITH BRAKES - 10676	3	10580	1	RW-1019-HD WHEEL, INSULATED, w/RACES
INSULATED, NO BRAKES - 10672	4	10592	2	RW-1019-HD SEAL, STANDARD
REAR AXLE TUBE OPTIONS: W/ BRAKE SADDLES: 10680	5	10591	4	RW-1019-HD BEARING CONE
NO BRAKE SADDLES: 10678	6	10596	2	WASHER, TONGUE (TIMKEN K-91508)
INSULATED: 10580	7	10598	2	WASHER, AXLE TAB (TIMKEN WH-08)
INCIN-INSULATED. 10370	8	10595	2	NUT, AXLE (TIMKEN TN-08)
	9	10516	2	RW-1019 HUBCAP, H.D. STYLE
	10	800109	8	HUBCAP LOCK WASHERS, (LW-5/16)
	11	800108	8	HUBCAP BOLTS, (HHCS 5/16-18X3/4")
	12	10586	1	RW-1019-HD INSULATOR RING
	13	10590	-	RW-1019-HD BEARING RACE
	14	10587	-	10" HD WHL STEEL SLEEVE DETAIL
	15	10588	-	10" HD WHL INSULATOR DETAIL
	16	10584	-	10" HD WHL: INSUL MACHINE DETTAIL
	0			3 NOTE: ITEMS 13-16 ARE COMPONENTS OF ITEM 3
WHEEL ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE A- PACK ALL BEARINGS ENSURING COMPLETE COVERAGE (INSIDE AND OUT) B- INSERT BEARING IN INBOARD SIDE OF WHEEL (FLANGE SIDE) C- PACK GREASE ON INBOARD SIDE OF BEARING, COVERING BACK SIDE OF E D- INSTALL SEAL BY GENTLY TAPPING WITH HAMMER UNTIL FLUSH WITH WHI E- PLACE WHEEL ON AXLE F- FILL CAVITY BETWEEN BEARINGS AND AROUND AXLE UNTIL FLUSH WITH WHI E- NISTALL AXLE WASHERS ALIGNING THEM WITH KEYWAY (ITEMS 6 AND 7) I- INSTALL AXLE WASHERS ALIGNING THEM WITH KEYWAY (ITEMS 6 AND 7) I- INSTALL AXLE NUT (ITEM 8) J- ADJUST BEARING END-PLAY 1. TIGHTEN AXLE NUT TO 200 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 2- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL 4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT TO 50 FT-LBS WHILE DATATING WHEEL 5- SELECT TABS ON TAB WASHER THAT MOST NEARLY LINE UP WITH THE SLY AND BEND THEM UP TO SECURE THE NUT 1. VERIEY BEAPINC END DI AV IS 0.0007 "OPT WITH A DIAL INDICATOR	BEARING EEL HUB DUTBOARD RA DUTBOARD RA OUTS IN THE A	(4) ( ACE XLE NUT	5 (13	16       15       14       13       5       6       7       8       12       9       11       10         APPLIES TO ALL CURRENTLY APPROVED CHASSIS         1/24/17       Revised Bearing setting Procedure         1/24/17       Revised Acte A
M- FILL OUTBOARD CAVITY WITH GREASE N- RUN A BEAD OF SILICONE ON HUBCAP MOUNTING SURFACE (OUTBOARD F O- INSTALL HUBCAP WITH PROVIDED HEX SCREWS AND LOCK WASHERS	FACE OF HUB	)	-	x   0.063 xx + 030 xx + 030 xx + 0.05 xx





DRAWN BY:

NEH

125 MICRO

THREADS:

APPD BY:

DATE:

5/5/11

**(**) M

DRAWING NUMBER:

M1019130

REV:

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## SECTION 8.0 FRONT RAILGEAR PARTS

8.1	BEFORE ORDERING PARTS – FRONT RAILGEAR	. 8-2
8.2	2008 – 2016 FORD F-4/550 FRONT PARTS DRAWING	. 8-3
8.3	RAM / STERLING FRONT PARTS DRAWING	. 8-4
8.4	GM / CHEVY 45/5500 FRONT PARTS DRAWING	. 8-5
8.5	LONG ARM VARIATIONS	8-6
8.6	FORD / RAM / STERLING FRONT AXLE ASSEMBLY	8-7
8.7	GM / CHEVY 45/5500 FRONT AXLE ASSEMBLY	8-8
8.8	FRONT CROSS TUBE CONFIGURATIONS	8-9
8.9	SPRING HANGER CONFIGURATIONS	3-10

### 8.1. BEFORE ORDERING PARTS – FRONT RAILGEAR

Required Information for Ordering Parts:

- You must have the Railgear serial number when ordering parts. This uniquely identifies your Railgear, as it was built to your specifications, and also allows DMF to help you maintain a history of your Railgear. If you are placing a parts order through a maintenance facility, please inform them of the serial number, so that they can relay the information.
- Returns: DMF has a Return Authorization Procedure. You must contact DMF for an RA# before returning any parts for any reason. Parts will not be credited without an RA#.
- Labor: In extremely rare situations, on a discretionary basis, and with prior approval, DMF will reimburse certain, specific labor costs. If you feel this may apply in your situation, you must contact DMF's Service Department for a Service Authorization Number (SA#). No labor will be reimbursed without an SA#. The SA# must be included on your request for reimbursement.
- Please use driver's side / passenger's side terminology (instead of left/right side) when describing issues with your Railgear. This ensures that everyone involved is clear about where the issue is occurring.

### Other Considerations for Ordering Parts:

This is a list of considerations to make before placing a parts order with DMF. There are many variations and customer requirements that we strive to accommodate, and as a result, the more information you can provide to us when placing an order, the more likely that we will be able to help you quickly and efficiently.

• Cross Tubes, Spring Hangers, and Long Arms are available in a variety of sizes and lengths. Please be sure to check drawings for details before placing your order.

### Wheels:

- If you are a customer using special wheel profiles (this is especially prevalent in Metros), please be sure to inform the DMF Parts Department that there may be a special wheel profile involved in your order.
- DMF offers both insulated and non-insulated wheels. Please confirm which wheel you need before ordering. Insulated wheels can be identified by a grooved ring machined around the inside of the Rail wheel. This grooved ring can been seen and felt, and is located about an inch in from the outside tread.

Cylinders:

• The driver's side and passenger's side cylinders are different – please see information on drawing to determine which cylinder you need to order.

Frame Extensions:

• Please call DMF for assistance. The truck year and model number must be provided, so that DMF can correctly identify the frame extension needed.



ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	11424	WELDMENT,FRONTBK,DS,1019,08F-4/550	1
2	11425	WELDMENT,FRONTBK,PS,1019,08F-4/550	1
3	11445	LARM WLDMT,1019,08F4/5,DS OUTER	1
4	11446	LARM WLDMT,1019,08F4/5,DS INNER	1
5	11447	LARM WLDMT,1019,08F4/5,PS OUTER	1
6	11448	LARM WLDMT,1019,08F4/5,PS INNER	1
7	240800	HYD.CYL.ASSY.,FRONT LH (3-1/2")(3500HD)	1
8	240801	HYD.CYL.ASSY.,FRONT RH (3-1/2")(3500HD)	1
9	11451	ASSY, SWINGLINK, RW1019 DS	1
10	11452	ASSY, SWINGLINK, RW1019 PS	1
11	11437	AXLE BRACKET DETAIL, RW-1019, 08F4/550	4
12	11668	RW1019HD FRONT AXLE,ICF,08 F-4/550	1
13	11079	RW-1019 TIE PIN SPACER TUBE	2
14	818700	REM. CABLE P/O ASSY.,FRONT (3/4" PIN)(1019)	1
15	11124	RW-1019 PIN ASSY.,FRONT (1-1/4"DIAX10-1/4"L)	8
16	11450	RW-1019 REAR PIN ASSY FOR SWING BLOCK	2
17	818127	RW-1630 FRONT HEX NUT, SLOTTED (SLHN;1"-8)	8
18	818134	RW-1630 FRONT HEX NUT, SLOTTED (SLHN; 1-1/2"-6)	4
19	818136	RW-1630 FRONT WASHER, FLAT (FW-1-1/2")	4
20	HHCS1/2-13X8GR8	HEX HD CAP SCREW 1/2-13 X 8" GRADE 8	2
21	HN1/2-13	1/2-13 HEX NUI	2
22	HHCS1/2-13X2GR8	HEX HD CAP SCREW 1/2-13 X 2" GRADE 8	2
23	FW1/2		4
24			2
23			4
20	FVV3/8		8
2/			4
20			4
27			0
	818137		4
NS	818128	PW-1630 FRONT COTTER PIN (3/16"Y2")	4
NOTE: NS	S = NOT SHOWN ON DR.	AWING *MUST HAVE SERIAL # WHEN ORDERING PAI DEPENDING ON OPTIONS, PART #'S MAY VAI SEE LONG ARM VARIATIONS IN SECTION 5.5	₹TS* ₹Y;
2	FO	RD F-4/550 FRONT ASSY. RTS DIAGRAM	

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EV	DATE		DESCRIPTION						
ERANCI UNLESS IC, MA	ES: SPECIFIED) CH: ± 1/32" HER: ± 1/16" + 063	-		TITLE: MANUAL, '08 F-550 FRONT ASSY PART DIAGRAM, RW-1019					
¥	± .030 + .005			DIVERSIFIED MET	AL FABRICATORS, INC. (4	04)875-1512			
LL SIZES	+ .015	DRAWN BY:	APPD BY:	DATE:		DRAWING NUMBE	R:	REV:	
EADS:	H: 125 MICRO 2A AND 28	NEH		4/18/11		M101910	1	#	



DESCRIPTION	QTY.
RW1019HD FRONT AXLE,ICF,08 F-4/550	1
LARM WLDMT,1019,08DODGE/STER4/5,DS OUTER	1
LARM WLDMT,1019,08DODGE/STER4/5,DS INNER,LPO	1
LARM WLDMT, 1019, 08DODGE/STER4/5, PS OUTER	1
LARM WLDMT,1019,08DODGE/STER4/5,PS INNER,LPO	1
HYD.CYL.ASSY.,FRONT LH (3-1/2")(3500HD)	1
HYD.CYL.ASSY.,FRONT RH (3-1/2")(3500HD)	1
FRONT FRAME BRACKET	1
FRONT CROSS TUBE DETAIL	1
DET,FRAME BKT,FORMED,1019 STER/DGD 4/5500	1
DET.AXLE BKT TUBE,08STER/DGD 4/5500	4
AXLE BRACKET SIDE PLATE	1
WLDMT,LOWER SWING LINK,STERLING/DODGE 4/5500	2
WMT,PIN,SWG LNK,08STR/DGD 4/5500	1
RW-1630 FRONT HEX NUT, SLOTTED (SLHN;1"-8)	8
RW-1019 PIN ASSY.,FRONT (1-1/4"DIAX10-1/4"L)	2
RW-1630 FRONT WASHER, FLAT (FW-1-1/2")	8
RW-1630 FRONT HEX NUT, SLOTTED (SLHN; 1-1/2"-6)	4
HEX HD CAP SCREW 1/2-13 X 8" GRADE 8	2
1/2-13 HEX NUT	2
RW-1019 TIE PIN SPACER TUBE	2
RW-1630 FRONT COTTER PIN (1/4"X2-1/2")	4
RW-1630 FRONT COTTER PIN (3/16"X2")	8

## DODGE/STERLING 45/5500 FRONT ASSY. PARTS DIAGRAM

2	-	-					-	
V	DATE			DESCRIPTION			BY	APP
C, MA	ES: SPECIFIED) CH: ± 1/32" 4ER: ± 1/16" ± .063 ± .030 + .005		-	TITLE: MANUAL, DIVERSIFIED META	. '08 DODGE/STI PARTS DIAGRA AL FABRICATORS,INC.(4	ER 4/5500 FR M, RW-1019 04)875-1512	ONT	ASSY
L SIZES JULAR FINISI ADS: IREAKS	+ .015 + 1° 125 MICRO 2A AND 28 APP EDGES (000 X 47 MAX)	DRAWN BY: NEH	APPD BY:	date: 4/27/11		DRAWING NUMBE	er: O	REV: #

LABEL	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	11663	RW-1019HD FRONT AXLE,IDF,4500 W/ 1212 PIVOT ARMS	1
2	12124	RW-1212 FRONT LONG ARM DETAIL	2
3	12178	RW-1212/1420 LONG ARM WLDMT, FRONT INNER LH, REM P/O'S	1
4	12179	RW-1212/1420 LONG ARM WLDMT, FRONT INNER RH, REM P/O'S	1
5	240100	HYD.CYL.ASSY.,FRONT RH (4-1/2" X 9-1/2" STROKE)	1
6	240099	HYD.CYL.ASSY.,FRONT RH (4-1/2" X 9-1/2" STROKE)	1
7	810236	'03 KODIAK FRAME ÊXTÊNSION FOR RW- 1019 (DRIVER'S SIDE)	1
8	810234	'03 KODIAK FRAME EXTENSION FOR RW- 1019 (PASS. SIDE)	1
9	810154	CROSS TUBE MOUNTING BLOCK (3'')	2
10	818155	4" SPRING HANGER BRACKET w/NUTS	2
11	818160	RW-1630 SPRING BRACKET SPACER (1"X2")	6
12	818158	RW-1630 SPRING BRACKET SPACER (1/2"X2")	2
13	818153	RW-1630 SPRING BRÄCKET RUBBER MOUNTING STRIP	2
14	12044	RW-1212/1420 PIVOT ARM TIE PIN SPACER TUBE	2
15	10124	RW-1212/1420 PIN ASSY.,FRONT	4
16	12052	RW-1212/1420 FRONT CYL.SPACER	4
17	818134	RW-1630 FRONT HEX NUT, SLOTTED (1- 1/2"-6)	4
18	818127	RW-1630 FRONT HEX NUT, SLOTTED (1"-8)	4
19	12042	RW-1212 PIVOT ARM TIE PIN DETAIL	2
20	HN3/4- 10GR8	HEX NUT 3/4-10 GRADE 8	2
21	818136	RW-1630 FRONT WASHER, FLAT (FW1-1/2)	4
NS	818137	RW-1630 FRONT COTTER PIN (1/4"X2-1/2")	4
NS	818128	RW-1630 FRONT COTTER PIN (3/16"X2")	4
NOTE:	NS = NOT	SHOWN ON DRAWING	

# **GM/CHEVY 45/5500 FRONT ASSY. PARTS DIAGRAM**





PARTS: (MUST HAVE SERIAL # WHEN ORDERING)		DESCRIPTION QTY.
	1 10603	RW-1019-HD AXLE 1
WHEELS AND PIVOT ARMS)	2 10660	RW-1019-HD AXLE TUBE ASSY., FRONTLH 1
('05-CURRENT F-4/550, '08-CURRENT DODGE/STERLING 45/5500 ONLY)	3 10658	RW-1019-HD AXLE TUBE ASSY., FRONT RH 1
NON-INSULATED. WITH BRAKES - 11676	4 11111	RW-1019 PIVOT ASSY., FRONT RH (3500 & F-550) OUTBOARD 1
NON-INSULATED, NO BRAKES - 11678	5 11105	RW-1019 PIVOT ARM ASSY., FT RH INBOARD 1
INSULATED, WITH BRAKES - 11668	6 11104	RW-1019 PIVOT ARM ASS'Y, FRONT DRIVER INBOARD
INSULATED, NO BRAKES - 11662	/ 11110 9 10570	RW-1019 PIVOLARM ASSY., FRONTLH (3500 & F-550) OUTBOARD 1
FRONT AXLE TUBE OPTIONS:	8 10570	
DRIVER'S SIDE, W/BRAKE SADDLES: 10660	9 10580	RW-1019-HD WHEEL,INSULATED,W/RACES
PASSENGER'S SIDE, W/BRAKE SADDLES: 10658	10 10591	RW-1019-IID BEAKING CONE 4
DRIVER'S SIDE, NO BRAKE SADDLES: 10662	12 10592	
PASSENGER'S SIDE, NO BRAKE SADDLES: 10664	12 10595	
(4) $(5)$	13 10390	
	14 10090	
	16 12564	
	17 800108	
	12 12566	
	10 12300	
	20 10586	RW-1019-HD INSULATOR RING
	21 10590	RW-1019-HD REARING RACE
	22 10588	10" HD WHI INSULATOR DETAIL
	23 10587	10" HD WHI STEEL SLEEVE DETAIL
	24 10584	10" HD WHL: INSUL MACHINE DETAIL
		NOTE: ITEMS 21-24 ARE COMPONENTS OF
	1	<sup>9</sup> ITEM 9
	/	
	DAAA	
	TUDA	
	774	
	/   ₽	
A- PACK ALL BEARINGS ENSURING COMPLETE COVERAGE (INSIDE AND OUT)		
B- INSERT BEARING IN INBOARD SIDE OF WHEEL (FLANGE SIDE)		(24) $(22)$ $(23)$ $(21)$ $(9)$ $(13)$ $(14)$ $(12)$ $(19)$ $(17)$
D- INSTALL SEAL BY GENTLY TAPPING WITH HAMMER UNTIL FLUSH WITH WHEEL HUB		
E- PLACE WHEEL ON AXLE F- FILL CAVITY BETWEEN BEARINGS AND AROUND AXLE UNTIL FLUSH WITH OUTBOARD RACE	=	FORD/DODGE/STER. FRONT WHEEL
G- INSERT BEARING IN OUTBOARD SIDE OF WHEEL		& AYLE ASSV PARTS DIAGRAM
I-INSTALL AXLE WASHERS ALIGNING THEM WITH RETWAT (TEMS 13 AND 14)		
J- ADJUST BEARING END-PLAY 1- TIGHTEN AXLE NUT TO 200 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL		▲ 1/23/17 REVISED BEARING SETTING PROCEDURE BJF
B 2- BACK OFF AXLE NUT ONE FULL TURN		A     7/5/11     UPDATED TO SHOW INSULATED ASSEMBLY     NEH       REV     DATE     DESCRIPTION     BY     APP
4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT (ITEM 12) BY ONE NOTCH OF THE TAB WASHER (ITEM 14)		TOLERANCES: (INLESS SPECIFIED)
K- SELECT TABS ON TAB WASHER THAT MOST NEARLY LINE UP WITH THE SLOTS IN THE AXL AND BEND THEM UP TO SECURE THE NUT	E NUT	FRAC MACH 1/1/32 FRAC MACH 1/1/32 RW-1019 FRONT WHEEL & AXLE ASSY PARTS DIAGRAM,
L- VERIFY BEARING END-PLAY IS 0.001"-0.005" WITH A DIAL INDICATOR		US + 063 3X + 063 DIVERSIFIED METAL FARRIC ATORS INC. (404)875-1512
N- FILL OUTBOARD CAVITY WITH GREASE N- RUN A BEAD OF SILICONE ON HUBCAP MOUNTING SURFACE (OUTBOARD FACE OF HUB)		JOOK         ±.005         DRELSZES         ±.015         DRAWN BY:         APPD BY:         DATE:         DRAWING NUMBER:         REV:
O- INSTALL HUBCAP WITH PROVIDED HEX SCREWS AND LOCK WASHERS		SURF FINISH: 125 MICRO IHREADS: 12A AND 28 NEH 4/19/11 MICI MICI B
		BEAN SHAP FORSE (SUBDA 49' MAX)

PARTS: (MUST HAVE SERIAL # WHEN ORDERING)	IIEM NO.	PARI NUMBER	QIY.			
		10603		DW 1010		
WHEELS, AND PIVOT ARMS) ('08-CURRENT C4/5500 ONLY)	2	10660		RVV-1019	-HD AXLE TUBE ASSY	., FRONILH
NON-INSULATED, WITH BRAKES - 11680	3	10658	1	RW-1019	-HD AXLE IUBE ASSY	., FRONT RH
NON-INSULATED, NO BRAKES - 11679	4	12108	2	1212 PIVC	JI ARM ASSY, FOR 1	019 IUBE, LH
INSULATED, WITH DRAKES - 11003 INSULATED, NO BRAKES - 11667	5	12109	2	1212 PIVC	<u> JI ARM ASSY. FOR 10</u>	D19 IUBE, RH
FRONT AXLE TUBE OPTIONS:	6	10570	1	RW-1019	-HD WHEEL,NON-INS	., W/RACES
DRIVER'S SIDE, W/ BRAKE SADDLES: 10660	7	10580	1	RW-1019-	-HD WHEEL, INSULATE	D,w/RACES
PASSENGER'S SIDE, W/ BRAKE SADDLES: 10658	8	10591	4	RW	/-1019-HD BEARING	CONE
DRIVER'S SIDE, NO BRAKE SADDLES: 10662 PASSENGER'S SIDE, NO BRAKE SADDLES: 10664	9	10592	2	RW	<u>-1019-HD SEAL, STAN</u>	DARD
1019 WHEEL (W/PACES) OPTIONS	10	10596	2	WASH	<u>er,tongue (timken</u>	K-91508)
INSULATED: 10580	11	10598	2	WASH	<u>ER, AXLE TAB (TIMKE</u>	N WH-08)
NON-INSULATED: 10570	12	10595	2	Ν	<u>NUT, AXLE (TIMKEN TN</u>	1-08)
	13	10516	2	RW	<u>/-1019 HUBCAP, H.D.</u>	STYLE
	14	800108	8	HUBCA	P BOLTS (HHCS 5/16'	-18 X 3/4")
	15	800109	8	HUBCA	AP LOCK WASHERS,	(LW-5/16)
	16	12564	1		ANTI-ROTATION PI	V
	17	12566	1	ANTI-ROTATIC	ON PIN LOCK WASHE	ER, (LW-3/8GR8)
	18	10586	1	RW	-1019-HD INSULATOF	RING
	19	10590	-	RM	V-1019-HD BEARING	RACE
	20	10588	-	10"	HD WHL INSULATOR	DETAIL
	21	10587	-	10" F	ID WHL STEEL SLEEVE	DETAIL
	22	10584	-	10" HD	WHL: INSUL MACHI	NE DETAIL
	••••				NTS OF ITEM 7	
WHEEL ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE A- PACK ALL BEARINGS ENSURING COMPLETE COVERAGE (INSIDE AND OUT) B- INSERT BEARING IN INBOARD SIDE OF WHEEL (FLANGE SIDE) C- PACK GREASE ON INBOARD SIDE OF BEARING, COVERING BACK SIDE OF BEARING D- INSTALL SEAL BY GENTLY TAPPING WITH HAMMER UNTIL FLUSH WITH WHEEL HUB E- PLACE WHEEL ON AXLE F- FILL CAVITY BETWEEN BEARINGS AND AROUND AXLE UNTIL FLUSH WITH OUTBOARD RACE C- INFERD FEAD IN OUTBOARD SIDE OF OF WHEEL	98	19 22 20 GM/C	21 CHE	) (19 (10) EVY 45/5	11 121813151 5500 FRON	4 F WHEEL
G- INSERT BEARING IN OUTBOARD SIDE OF WHEEL H- INSTALL AXLE WASHERS ALIGNING THEM WITH KEYWAY (ITEMS 10 AND 11) I- INSTALL AXLE NUT (ITEM 12) J- ADJUST BEARING END-PLAY 1- TIGHTEN AXLE NUT TO 200 FT-LBS WHILE ROTATING WHEEL		& AX	ίLΕ	ASSY.	PARTS DIA	GRAM
B 2- BACK OFF AXLE NUT ONE FULL TURN		<u>/B</u> 1/24/ 7/5/1	1/ RE	VISED BEARING SETTING PR	RUCEDURE	BJF NFH
4- BACK OFF AXLE NUT (ITEM 12) BY ONE NOTCH OF THE TAB WASHER (ITEM 11)		REV DATE	E E		DESCRIPTION	BY APP
K- SELECT TABS ON TAB WASHER THAT MOST NEARLY LINE UP WITH THE SLOTS IN THE AXLE N	IUT	TOLERANCES: (UNLESS SPECIFIED)			TITLE:	
L- VERIFY BEARING END-PLAY IS 0.001"-0.005" WITH A DIAL INDICATOR		FRAC, MACH: ± 1/3	32*	RW-1019	FRONT WHEEL & AXLE A	SSY PARTS DIAGRAM,
M- FILL OUTBOARD CAVITY WITH GREASE		.X ±.06	3		08 C4/5500	, IVV-1019
O- INSTALL HUBCAP WITH PROVIDED HEX SCREWS AND LOCK WASHERS		.XX ±.03	0		DIVERSIFIED METAL FARRICATORS INC. (4	04)875-1512
		.XX ± .03 .XXX ± .00 DRILL SIZES: + .01	15 DI	RAWN BY: APPD BY:	DIVERSIFIED METAL FABRICATORS, INC. (4 DATE:	04)875-1512 DRAWING NUMBER: REV:




## **DMF LIMITED WARRANTY POLICY**

**Diversified Metal Fabricators (DMF)** products are designed to provide the utmost service and reliability. Competent workmen, guided by stringent quality standards, manufacture the products from high-grade material. **DMF** warrants products of its manufacture to be free of defects in material and workmanship, under normal use and service, for a period of **ONE CALENDAR YEAR**. **DMF's** obligation under this warranty is limited to repairing or replacing at its factory, or other location designated by us, any part or parts there-of which shall, within 30 DAYS of the date of failure or notice of defect, be returned, and which upon examination shall appear to **DMF's** satisfaction to have been defective. Such repair or replacement does not include the cost of installing the new part or any other expenses incident thereto; however, the outbound direct ground freight on the part will be prepaid to locations within the continental United States and Canada. **DMF** shall not be liable for other loss, damage, or expense directly or indirectly arising from the use of its products.

Ordinary wear and tear, abuse, misuse, neglect, or alteration is not covered by this warranty. **DMF** assumes no liability for expenses or repairs made outside its factory except by written consent. Warranty is null and void if instructions and operating procedures specifically referring to warranty coverage are not followed.

Equipment or parts not manufactured by this company, but which are furnished in connection with **DMF** products are covered directly and solely by the warranty of the manufacturer supplying them.

This warranty is in lieu of other warranties, expressed or implied, including any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose and any liability for special or consequential damages.

All warranty claims must reference a serial number. Returns must reference a RA number.

